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Victoria Daily Times.

We Make a Specialty of Physicians Prescriptions
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30 Gov't St. Always open.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1894 No. 50

CLEARING SALE {FOR THE BALANCE OF THIS MONTH.

We will hold our Annual Clearing Sale

EVERYTHING GOES { WATCHES, CLOCKS, SILVERWARE, JEWELLERY and DIAMONDS, Etc.

At Prices never before offered in the City.

CHALLONER & MITCHELL, {47 GOVERNMENT STREET.

NEW SPRING GOODS
AT THE WESTSIDE.

New Dress Goods, New Flannelettes, New Cameo Draperies, New India Linens, Nainsooks and Victoria Lawns, New Curtain Nets, New Spring Prints. New Goods constantly arriving.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

Feb. 22, 94.

BOOT & SHOE SALE

Owing to the success of our Clothing Sale during the last two weeks, we have decided to offer our stock of BOOTS & SHOES at clearing out prices for the balance of this month. Odd lines at cost. Also a general reduction on seasonable goods.

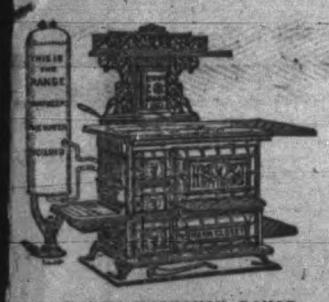
GILMORE & McCANDLESS,
35 and 37 Johnson Street. Telephone 563.

It is not Sawdust

We use in making INDURATED FIBRE WARE. Some people think it is, but they are mistaken. We use nothing but the longest and strongest Wood Fibre, pressed into shape without seam or joint of any kind, and Indurate it by a patent process which renders it impervious to heat, cold and liquids. INDURATED FIBRE WARE imparts no taste or smell to its contents, and is the lightest, tightest, sweetest and most durable ware ever made.

Ask for EDDY'S

PERRY & TURNER,
42 Johnson St, VICTORIA, B.C.



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I.X.L.--The Best Steel Range Made.

Builders' Hardware,
Stoves
Tinware and
Graniteware,
Sheet Metal Works,
Cornice Work,
Sky-Lights
And Roofing.

IF YOU Have a Very Bad Cough, Are Suffering from Lung Troubles, Have Lost Flesh through Illness, Are Threatened with Consumption, Remember that the "D. L." Emulsion IS WHAT YOU REQUIRE.

DO YOU WANT

To get a situation
To hire help
To let a room
To let a house
To buy anything
To sell anything

Then Try a "Times Liner,"

ONE CENT

Per word each insertion.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED TO BUY good kitchen, parlor and bedroom furniture immediately. Address F., Times office. fe22-3t

FOR SALE by private bargain—The new Sailing Schooner "Klimeny"; 19 tons register, at present lying in the inner harbor, Victoria, B.C. Offers will be received until 28th inst., inclusive, by John C. Jameson, 34 Government St., Victoria, B.C. fe22-6d

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that Sam Kee has this day bought out the Wood-hauling business of Jim Yee, and will not be responsible for any debts contracted by the business lately conducted by Jim Yee.

Victoria, B.C., Feby. 21, 1893. 3t

Superintendent of Streets.

Applications will be received at the office of the undersigned until Monday, the 25th inst., at 4 p. m., for the position of Superintendent of Streets of the City of Victoria. Salary at the rate of $100 per month.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, Feb. 22, 1894.

VICTORIA THEATRE
A Feast of Merriment.

MONDAY NIGHT, Feb. 26,

Engagement of the Charming Comedienne

Patti Rosa,

AIDED BY

JOE CAWTHORN, BERT COOTE, and a Superb Cast, and first appearance here of the Most Successful Comedy,

MISS DIXIE,

Introducing her Song Hit, "Shootin' Craps."

Seats, $1, 75c. and 50c., now on sale at Jamieson's.

Hard Times

And How to Improve Them.
By Keeping Your Money at Home and Using

PENDRAY'S

ELECTRIC SOAP, 20 bars for $1.
BLACKING, 5c. per tin.
EXTRACT OF SOAP, 2 packages for 25c., 5 for 50c. (This is the finest Washing Powder in the market.
DOMINION STOVE POLISH, 5c. per block.

Ask Your Grocer for Pendray's

And refuse any other substitutes. This will give employment to the unemployed and to your children.

Australian Mutton.

Ask your grocer for 7-lb. tin of the Grazier brand at 75c. *

Distress in Massachusetts.

Washington, D.C., Feb. 22.—Apropos of the labor demonstration at the state house in Boston on Tuesday, Representative Morse of Massachusetts has presented to the house a joint memorial from the Massachusetts legislature, asking that the navy yard at Charlestown to be re-opened, thus giving employment to probably 500 idle men. It is not likely to be favorably acted upon, upon the ground of the depleted condition of the treasury it would be unwise to incur any expenditures not absolutely necessary.

Don't Miss

The clearance sale to-morrow at Lansdowne house. *

CUMMING'S DEFIANCE

The Irate Congressman From New York State

RISES TO A QUESTION OF PRIVILEGE

He is Indignant Because the Sergeant-at-Arms

Placed Him Under Arrest for Want of Punctuality—He Defies the Sergeant or His Masters to Molest Him—He Denounces Congress for Working on Washington's Birthday.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 22.—In the house Cummings (N.Y.) rose to a question of highest privilege. He said that he had been approached by the deputy sergeant-at-arms and notified that he was under arrest. He refused to recognize the service of the officer, and defied the sergeant-at-arms or his masters to put a hand on him. He had been punctual in his attendance, he declared. He further said it was a disgrace for Congress to assemble on Washington's birthday, and moved to adjourn. The motion was defeated.

He Did Not Meddle.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 22.—In a letter received at the state department, Mr. Smith, American minister at Hayti, further positively denies the report published that he had written President Hippolyte regarding the administration of Haytian affairs. Mr. Smythe supports his denial with a letter from the German minister, resident at Port au Prince, also emphatically denying the story.

The Emerald Opium Smugglers.

San Francisco, Feb. 22.—When the sloop Emerald opium smugglers were called for arraignment in the United States district court yesterday counsel for their defence moved for a continuance of one week, which was granted by Judge Morrow. It is understood that a very exhaustive demurrer to the indictments found against the smugglers by the grand jury is being prepared. Should this be sustained by the court the government will have to take the accused before the present grand jury and have them indicted again. Should the indictments be sustained then the defendants will have to proceed to trial.

Washington of Glorious Memory.

New York, Feb. 22.—Washington's birthday was duly celebrated in this city to-day. At sunrise the stars and stripes was unfurled on the old flag pole in Battery park, also at the Block house, at the upper end of Central park. Business was generally suspended. The weather was fine. In the evening the Sons and Daughters of the Revolution will have a public dinner and there will be plenty of speechmaking.

Washington, Feb. 22.—All the executive departments were closed to-day in honor of Washington's birthday, though Congress remained in session. The district national guard paraded and there were other observations in honor of the day. Later in the day a portrait of the late Caroline Scott Harrison, wife of ex-President Harrison was unveiled.

Boston, Mass., Feb. 22.—Washington's birthday was observed in this city to-day with the usual ceremonies. The weather was exceptionally fine.

Chicago, Feb. 22.—Governor William McKinley was the guest of the university of Chicago for a brief half hour to-day. It was the first official celebration of Washington's birthday since the university was opened, and the laboratory, in which the exercises were held, was packed to overflowing. When the Ohio governor appeared he was enthusiastically cheered. After the singing of patriotic selections, Governor McKinley was presented and spoke for five minutes on the hatchet story, dealing with that alleged incident in the life of Washington in a half serious, half humorous vein. The governor subsequently delivered a eulogy on Washington at the Auditorium under the auspices of the Union League club.

The Roscoe Train Robbers.

Pasadena, Cal., Feb. 22.—Considerable excitement has been caused here by the report that the Roscoe train robbers were brought to bay in the mountains near this place last night. Word reached the police here that two men answering their description had appeared armed with Winchester rifles at one of the ranches near the foot of the mountains and demanded provisions, which were given them. They then returned to the mountains and were not seen until Monday night when they visited another ranch in the vicinity, making a similar request. When last seen they were making for an almost inaccessible canyon in the first range. One of the ranchers who was visited drove to this place yesterday and gave the police a description of the men. Policemen left for the mountains yesterday afternoon and have not yet returned.

Battle With a Maniac.

Buffalo, N.Y., Feb. 22.—A. Amnon, a painter, while at work yesterday on the roof of a four-story building opposite the Iroquois hotel, became suddenly insane. He was engaged in removing some large signs likely to be blown into the street by the high wind. Frank Seitz and Geo. Meyer, who were with him, first noticed his condition when he attempted to hurl an iron part off the sign on the crowd below, who were watching the work. Then he turned toward them and struck savagely at Meyer with an iron bar. The two men grappled with him and an awful struggle ensued. The roof was covered with ice, and the three men slipped so near the edge that it seemed that all would be dashed to the street. Finally the men managed to throw Amnon down, but even then his struggles were so violent that three times he dragged his captors to the edge of the roof. Patrolman Flanagan made his way to the roof. The three could not quiet Amnon, and the policeman was obliged to use his club. Amnon was securely tied and lowered by means of ropes. He was taken to the hospital where he is still violent. Amnon was taken in the same way about a year ago while painting a chimney, and at that time seven men were required to hold him. It was believed he had entirely recovered.

TARDY BURIAL.

Strange History of a Beautiful Austrian Circus Rider.

New York, Feb. 22.—Hortense Thevenon Busday's body, sealed in an iron chest, which was in turn encased in a rough oak box, for almost a quarter of a century lay in a Carmine-street house without any of the tenants suspecting its presence. They little guessed as they passed and repassed that the commonplace-looking shell held all that was left of a beautiful, and, in a sense, famous woman. All her kinsfolk as well as her friends died unaware of her strange resting-place. It was by the merest chance that the coffin with its contents was found a few weeks ago. It might have remained there, lost to every one, had it not been for recent changes in the building.

The workmen who found it thought it was old lumber and began knocking it to pieces. They found, to their surprise a lot of papers and two faded photographs, one the picture of a woman, the other a family group. Then when the dust was cleared away they discovered the iron coffin in which Hortense had been placed. Then it was the casket was identified by E. M. Senior, an undertaker on Broadway. His grandfather, also an undertaker, in June, 1886 received the box from San Francisco. It was accompanied by a letter requesting him to care for it until the arrival of the dead woman's relatives. It was put in the private vault of the Seniors, and when four years went by without any one claiming Hortense's body it was deposited in a vault in the cellar at 79 Carmine street, where it was forgotten. Less than a fortnight ago the workmen found it, and Mr. Senior, who had heard his grandfather and his father speak of the matter, had the iron chest buried in the Lutheran cemetery on Long Island last week.

Hortense Thevenon was an equestrienne, brought to this country in the early sixties by Howe's London circus.

D. Gaylor said yesterday: "I remember her well. She was one of the handsomest women I ever saw, and the most daring and finished bareback rider of that day. She got a fall that prevented her from riding and she became a dancer. The Busbys troup of actors were well known in those days. Alphonse Busday married Hortense, and she dying in the west her body was sent here and was lost as has been told. The Busbys are believed to be all dead.

ONE MORE UNFORTUNATE.

Laudanum Ends a Young Life's Unbearable Sorrows.

New York, Feb. 22.—A young woman, tastefully dressed, entered the office of the Grand Union hotel just before 10 last night and asked for a room. She carried a handsome travelling bag and seemed to have just left the train. She registered as Mrs. J. Miner, Shelton, Conn. The clerks sent her to room 101, on the third floor. Ten minutes later John McManus, a hallman, passing through the corridor in which her room was, noticed a strong smell of gas coming from 101. The door was opened, and the woman who had registered as Mrs. Miner, stood, deathly pale, confronting him. McManus walked into the room, turned off the gas, opened the window, and then said:

"Why did you turn on the gas?"

"What harm was it, anyhow?" answered the woman.

"You will leave this hotel," said McManus. At this moment his eye fell on an empty bottle lying on the bureau. It bore the label, "laudanum." Then he called for help. The clerk and the hotel physician were quickly at his side, and the woman, who was even then relapsing into stupor, was rushed up and down the hall.

All efforts to revive her were futile, however, and when a Bellevue hospital ambulance took her away she was unconscious. A few minutes after her arrival at the hospital it was reported she was dead. In her purse was $9.50. No reason for the suicide was known last night.

Dole's Intentions.

Davenport, Iowa, Feb. 22.—On Dec. 11th last A. C. Fulton of this city sent President Dole two rifles and a shotgun, together with a quantity of ammunition, with which the writer said, "to defend life, property and the Hawaiian republic." President Dole, in a letter under date of January 30th, acknowledges receipt of the gift and says: "It is our intention to retain our position and build up a stable and enlightened government."

The Mansfield Riots.

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 22.—In the criminal court to-day the miners convicted of rioting in the Mansfield valley, and at the Benola mines were sentenced to terms ranging from one month in the work house to two years and six months in the penitentiary.

Keppler's Funeral.

New York, Feb. 22.—The remains of Joseph Keppler, the caricaturist, was interred in Woodlawn cemetery to-day. There was a very large attendance of prominent men.

Brazilian Matters.

New York, Feb. 22.—Mr. Towns, U.S. consul at Rio de Janeiro, arrived to-day by the steamer Capua from South American ports. He is of the opinion that the March elections will bring the Brazilian troubles to an end. He declared that the criticisms which have been published about American minister Thompson did that gentleman an injustice. He declared that Mr. Thompson attended to his duties with great punctuality. Mr. Towns did not consider the yellow fever in Brazil serious.

DEGRADED CHINESE

The Mongolians of Chicago to be Deprived

OF PRETTY SUNDAY SCHOOL TEACHERS

The Anti-Chinese Sunday School Association

Determined to Put Its Foot Down on Such Work—The Yellow Fellows Not Fit to Associate With the Young Ladies—What John Says Concerning the Matter.

Chicago, Feb. 22.—The anti-Chinese Sunday school society crusade in Chicago has begun work in earnest. Dr. J. W. Carr is president and C. W. Kniestop, secretary. About forty were present at the meeting on Wednesday night, and these resolutions were passed: "Whereas the representative of the Mongolian race in Chicago are as a rule recruited from the lowest and most degraded castes in China, and whereas it has become a matter of common occurrence for young unmarried women to place themselves in the way of contaminating influence by giving their services to certain Sunday schools where they are required to be in close contact with members of the Mongolian race; therefore be it resolved that we adopt the following platform:

1. The Chinese in Chicago should be converted and educated.
2. Our young women should be protected.
3. The Chinese should be brought in contact only with men and matrons.
4. No church should allow the use of any part of its building to Chinese school classes in which young unmarried women act as teachers.

It is the intention of the society to hold a meeting in one of the churches and invite the superintendents of all Chinese classes to meet them and discuss the best methods of reaching the Chinamen through some other medium than the young women of the church.

The movement is attracting much attention even among the Chinese themselves, and to-day Ching Jone of Wabash Avenue, signified his intention of withdrawing from the Presbyterian Sunday school class. He paid the teachers many compliments, but said, "Hong Ching say no more lady teacher, so no more Ching Jone." Ching Jone scorns Christianity when taught by men.

The Blockade Raised.

Reno, Nev., Feb. 22.—At five o'clock this morning 50 men of the Reno guard and Reno lodge, No. 49, I.O.O.F., left for the State Line mill to assist in the search for the missing men buried in the snow slide. Edie, the only one rescued, is reported this morning as resting easy. The slide that buried them is in a narrow canyon and over a mile in length. The snow is from 25 to 40 feet deep at the lower end of the slide. The blockade was raised early this morning. The first train from the west in three days arrived here at 8:30 this morning followed in an hour by another train, both bringing mail and passengers.

Guatemala Badly Hit.

London, Feb. 22.—Senor Cruz, Guatemalan minister, has announced that his government has suspended payment of its external debts, in consequence of the depreciation in the price of silver.

The Monkey Language.

London, Feb. 22.—Great interest is manifested in the series of lectures to be given by Professor Garner, the discoverer of monkey-language, which commence to-night in the Princess Hall in the West End. The demand for tickets from people interested in scientific research has been largely in excess of the capacity of the auditorium. The professor proposes to exhibit on the stage the cage in which he lived in the Gaboon forest.

Italian Parliament Assembles.

Rome, Feb. 22.—The chamber reassembled to-day after a month's recess, due to the fact that the financial programme of the government could not be agreed upon, and also to the fear that the parliamentary debates might have an unfavorable effect upon the troubled districts. It is insisted that Premier Crispi will demand that the deputies give plenary power to the government to proceed with numerous administrative reforms.

Croaking About Gladstone.

London, Feb. 22.—According to the Scotch unionist press, dissolution of parliament will, without doubt, occur within thirty days. These papers also say Mr. Gladstone will probably not stand for re-election.

Powder Magazine Explosion.

Brussels, Feb. 22.—Several pensions were killed and a number injured at Wetteren this morning by the explosion of a powder magazine.

Murdered for Their Money.

Belfast, Feb. 22.—In removing the ruins of a building recently destroyed by fire in this city the charred remains of four bodies were found to-day. The building was used as a lodging house, and the theory of the police is that the bodies are those of four would-be emigrants to America, who were murdered for their money, the building having been burned to conceal the crime.

The French Anarchists.

Paris, Feb. 22.—The police have arrested an anarchist named Rivals, who is presumed to be one of the leaders of the bomb throwers now operating in Paris. A supposed bomb was found to-day in Galerie Montpensier, Palais Royale.

WIMAN IN JAIL.

Circumstances Which Led to the Arrest of the Famous Moralist.

New York, N. Y., Feb. 22.—The arrest of Erastus Wiman was made at the office of Mr. Wiman's son-in-law, Norman S. Miller, in the Washington building, on a bench warrant, issued by Judge Martine, soon after the grand jury had handed down two indictments charging Wiman with forgery in the second degree.

Mr. Wiman expressed some surprise at his arrest, and then asked if there would be any opportunity to get bail. He said he ought to have a lawyer and would like to be represented by counsel. An effort was made by friends to get bail late in the afternoon, but without success, neither did Mr. Wiman have counsel when he was taken to the general sessions by the detectives. As soon as it was known that Mr. Wiman had been arrested Assistant District Attorney Lindsay made known the complaint on which the indictment was founded. In opening it says:

"I have taken great pains to investigate these charges for the purpose of satisfying myself whether any successful explanation or defence of them can be made, and I think you will agree with me that clearer cases, more easily proved by reputable witnesses, have rarely, if ever, been submitted to the authorities.

"The association known as the firm of R. G. Dun & Co., with which the defendant Wiman was connected during the period covering the act complained of, was formed on January 1, 1880, but Mr. Wiman had for many years previous to that date had business relations with Mr. Dun. Mr. Wiman was not a partner of Mr. Dun in the usual sense. Under the articles of association, he had no right, title or interest in the property or good-will of the business or profits thereof, for, while it was agreed that he should reserve a certain percentage of the profits, it was specially provided that he should receive only such a sum or salary for faithful services rendered, and that the amount of profits should be the basis for determining the amount of salary.

"It was also provided in the articles of association that he should not employ the name of R. G. Dun & Co., except in the regular and proper business of the said mercantile agency, and that he should not use the names of the said association in issuing, making, drawing or endorsing any note, bill of exchange, draft or other obligation, except only in endorsements of such papers for the account of the association. He also had a right to sign the firm's cheques for the firm's purposes only. Mr. Wiman was a salaried man for Mr. Dun, with such powers as only the contract gave him, with additional power to draw cheques. The property of R. G. Dun & Co. was not his property in any sense. The moneys of R. G. Dun & Co. were not his in any sense and the profits of R. G. Dun & Co. not his profits, and yet by various acts of embezzlement through misrepresentations, concealment and breaches of his agreement, misuse of the powers with which he was entrusted, he succeeded during the years 1888, 1889, 1890, 1891, 1892, and up to February, 1893, in stealing from Mr. Dun the enormous sum of $229,018.90. This sum he owes Mr. Dun to-day. That in view of his relation to the property of Mr. Dun, which Mr. Wiman helped to manage under the name of R. G. Dun & Co., he is guilty of the crime of having embezzled the whole or greater part of this sum, I have little doubt."

"Affiant only makes two specific charges in his complaint, though he says many more could easily be brought if desired. "In February, 1893," the complaint says, "R. G. Dun & Co. owed upwards of $10,000 to E. W. Bullinger of this city, for materials purchased on the 6th of February, 1893. Wiman being in urgent straits for money directed the cashier of R. G. Dun & Co. to make out a cheque to the order of Mr. Bullinger, and instead of transmitting it to him in part payment of his account deliberately forged the name of E. W. Bullinger on the back of the cheque and deposited it to his own credit in his own bank. The account of Bullinger on the books of the firm was debited with the house in the usual course of time. These accounts of Mr. Wiman's were wholly without the knowledge of any member of the firm, and since then they have paid to Mr. Bullinger the sum which Mr. Wiman on the day named appropriated by means of forgery to his own use."

"On the 20th of January, 1893, it is further alleged that R. G. Dun & Co. owed the Campbell Press and Manufacturing company the sum of $5,580 for two printing presses purchased in May, 1892. Mr. Wiman procured from the cashier of R. G. Dun & Co. a cheque to the order of Ogden Brower, treasurer of Campbell's, on the pretext that he desired to pay the account. He then went to Campbell & Co., and telling them that R. G. Dun & Co. were short of funds, asked them whether they would like notes for their accounts instead of cash. On Mr. Brower acquiescing in his proposition, he made two notes covering the amount in his own name and delivered them to him. He then forged the name of Ogden Brower, treasurer, on the backs of the cheques and appropriated them to his own use.

"All these facts were concealed from the knowledge of Mr. Dun or any of his associates, but they subsequently paid the Campbell company the amount of their account. Mr. Wiman's offence was first suspected in February, 1893, but could not be proven until an examination of the firm's books was made, and this has only recently been completed. Mr. Dun, however, put an end to their business relations about a year ago, when his suspicions were first aroused. On learning that his crimes had been detected, Mr. Wiman offered to transfer to Mr. Dun certain real estate interests in Staten Island of doubtful value, but Mr. Dun, learning that Mr. Wiman was insolvent, refused to accept them or to accept any preference over his other creditors. Mr. Wiman therefore made a formal assignment for the benefit of his creditors, but his assets have amounted to almost nothing. Sympathy for Mr. Wiman's family, an imperfect knowledge of the extent of his embezzlements and fears for his other creditors, some of whom would have been seriously injured, though not to so large an extent as Mr. Dun, are the considerations Mr. Dun gives for not bringing the matter into court before. The complaint concludes as follows:

"In view of the foregoing facts and upon the conviction that a man of Mr. Wiman's bad character ought not longer to be allowed to masquerade as an honest man in this community, and as an adviser and exhorter of youth, and out of a sense of obligation to the mercantile world, with which he is so closely identified, he has decided that his duty requires him to expose Wiman's conduct and to hand him over to the authorities, that he may be dealt with as the law directs."

There was no signature to the complaint, but its authorship is accredited to ex-District Attorney Delancy Nicholl. The names of the witnesses are R. D. Douglas, W. W. Bullinger, Ogden Brower, treasurer Campbell Printing Press company, and the treasurer of R. G. Dun & Co. On being arraigned before Judge Martine, Mr. Wiman was informed of the nature of the charges. He was then asked whether he would furnish bail to-night. "No, sir," said Mr. Wiman, "I do not intend to." He was then held in $25,000 bail by Judge Martine and was committed to the Tombs prison. Before going to jail Mr. Wiman sent a dispatch to his counsel, Benjamin F. Tracy.

Harris Dun Wiman, a son of Erastus, was seen by the United Press reporter this evening. He says that upon hearing of his father's arrest he went immediately to the Tombs, but as it was after the hour of locking up the prison he was only permitted to send in a note. He added: I received a message in reply, in which my father stated that he was getting along all right. He said he was serene; that he was conscious of no guilt and had committed no crime. If he has blundered he is willing to stand the consequences. He said that several friends wanted to give bail, but that he declined to allow them to do so. He also said that he had an engagement to deliver an address at Grammercy hall, in East 42nd street, to-morrow evening, and that he is going to make every effort to keep that engagement. Mr. Wiman, jr., said that he was not familiar enough with his father's affairs to attempt to make a reply to the charges, but he believes his father will be able to meet any charge of wrong doing satisfactorily.

Erastus Wiman has long been known as one of New York's most prominent citizens. He was an advocate of commercial reciprocity with Canada, a promoter of numerous projects of great financial importance, a prominent member of the New York chamber of commerce and board of trade. He was until his assignment in April, 1893, considered to be a millionaire. He did much to further the interests of Staten Island, and lives in a magnificent home at Erastina. Mr. Wiman was born near Toronto 53 years ago, and rose from a poor farmer's boy to wealth and importance by his own exertions. His latest enterprise was the plan to tunnel New York bay between Brooklyn and Staten Island, and thereby carry the New Jersey trunk lines into Brooklyn. Mr. Wiman was known among his friends as a lavish entertainer.

Chaska's White Wife.

Yankton, S. D., Feb. 19.—Mrs. Chaska, formerly Cora Belle Fellows, who was married at the Cheyenne River agency three years ago to a Santee Sioux named Chaska, has found life with her dusky spouse unbearable, and is now living apart from him in a small town in Southern Nebraska. Several months ago Chaska and family went to reside on the Santee reservation, a short distance up the river from Yankton. Chaska is a Santee Indian, and in company with his children, receives a fat government subsidy every three months. After two months of life on the reservation Chaska suddenly disappeared and it was discovered that he had eloped with a young and buxom squaw. Mrs. Chaska, after waiting for his return for over a week, left the reservation with her half-breed children, vowing that she would never live with Chaska again, and two weeks after she left Chaska returned to the agency, and is now living there with the woman who accompanied him in the elopment. He is happy, and wants no more to do with his white wife.

A Death-Dealing Avalanche.

Reno, Nev., Feb. 21.—From Dr. W. A. Phillips, who has just returned from Verdina, near which place a snowslide occurred on Monday, sweeping the cabin of Michael Warner, Tom Thrasher, M. S. Wheeler, Ed Ede and Leonard Nelson down the mountain side, the following is learned: The camp where the slide occurred is two miles northwest of the state line. M. S. Wheeler, who had a wood contract with four of his men, Ed Ede, Tom Thrasher, Michael Warner and Leonard Wilson, were in their cabin and several other men were occupying a cabin in eight rods above. On Monday at 1 o'clock the men in the upper cabin saw the slide go past the cabin but thought nothing of it. Ed Ede, the only survivor, says they were all in the cabin as usual. He heard a roar and was knocked senseless. When he recovered consciousness he found himself down beneath snow, wood and dirt. He could only move one hand, and a spike was driven into the back of his neck. He was held in this position, suffering untold agonies, for six hours, and probably would have died had it not been for Joe Rideau, who, returning from Reno, had a mail for Wheeler and started for his cabin. He heard Ede's cries, and summoning help, released him and carried him down to the state line mill where he was well taken care of until the arrival of Dr. Phillips. He was very comfortable this morning and will be brought to Reno on the first train. A large force of men is working to find the bodies of the other four. As the snow is 40 feet deep it is thought the bodies will not be found before spring. It is heartrending to hear Ede telling the miseries he suffered during his 26 hours of captivity in the snow and ice.

The Stock Market.

New York, Feb. 21.—The day at the Stock Exchange was the dullest for a long time past, the dealings in stocks footing up only 100,494 shares. The dullness was due in part to to-morrow's holiday and in part to the fact that the Senate has not taken definite action on tariff matters. The tendency of prices was upward until late in the day, when Chicago Gas, which had advanced 1 to 64, reduced to 62 5-8. The general list was strengthened by the recovery in wheat, a little buying for London and some covering by local "shorts." Many of the active stocks commande a premium for use, and in the case of Burlington & Quincy, 1 1-4 per cent. was paid. These rates more than offset the rumored defalcation by an employe of a big down town trust company, which afterwards turned out to be a very small affair, and the unfavorable reports of the Union Pacific and Atchison. Little was heard of gold shipments, although the market for sterling exchange rule strong to the close. The stocks most prominent in the improvement were General Electric, Chicago Gas, Louisville & Nashville, the Grangers, Western Union and Union Pacific. The rise was equal to 1-4 to 1 1-2 per cent., but a part of this was lost near the close. In the final dealings the market was firm. The net changes for the day show gains of 1-4 to 1 per cent. Canada Southern, 49 3-4; Canadian Pacific, 68 3-8; Central Pacific, 14; Wells Fargo, 120; Great Northern, perferred, 102 1-4; Northern Pacific, 4 3-8; Northern Pacific, perferred, 17 3-8; Rock Island, 68 3-4; Southern Pacific, 22 5-8; Union Pacific, 18; Western Union, 83 3-4.

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES

Daily Chronicle of Events in The Great Republic.

Sacramento, Feb. 21.—Word has been received here that the blockade on the mountains has been broken and that it is the intention to start east and west bound passenger trains to-night on schedule time. At last accounts clear weather prevailed in the vicinity of the summit and the snow had stopped falling. The material damage to railroad property was not nearly so great as expected. The principal injury was to the snow sheds, afew hundred feet of which were prostrated, but not badly broken, by the slides. But a few of the supporting posts were broken. Over seven hundred men are now employed on the hill shoveling snow on the railroad tracks. Division Superintendent Wright is still in the mountains directing the operations of the men. An east-bound passenger train, which had been detained here for forty-eight hours, was sent on to its destination shortly after noon to-day.

Racine, Wis., Feb. 22.—The immense factory of the J. I. Case threshing machine company, which has been closed for five months, depriving six hundred men, nearly all heads of families, of employment, started to-day with a full force. Enough orders have been received to keep the works in operation several months.

Bridgeport, Conn., Feb. 22.—The works of the Wheeler & Wilson manufacturing company, which have been idle for several weeks, started this morning with a full force of employes.

Johnstown, Pa., Feb. 22.—The stockholders of the great Johnson steel rail company, of which Congressman Tom L. Johnson, of Ohio, is one of the largest stockholders, are in session here to-day to take action upon the proposition to issue bonds to the extent of two million dollars for the purpose of constructing an immense mill, to cost three million dollars, and with a plant that will enable the company to roll rails from ninety to one hundred instead of sixty feet in length, as at present. There is considerable mystery regarding the location of the new works. A month ago President Moxham visited a dozen towns for the purpose of investigating the advantages they offered as a steel centre, and his report will be made in secret session.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 22.—According to the programme previously announced, ex-President Harrison expects to leave here this evening, accompanied by Mrs. McKee and his grandchildren and Mr. Tibbetts, his private secretary, for California, where he will deliver his first course of lectures on constitutional law at the Stanford university. The party will be gone about six weeks, Mrs. McKee and the children remaining in San Jose, while the ex-president will occupy rooms in the university building. He will make absolutely no addresses during his absence.

Kittie Fox of Fairhaven, Vt.

"When my daughter Kitty was about three years old, Eczema or Salt Rheum appeared on her face. It itched so badly she would

Scratch till it Bled

We had seven or eight doctors, without the least shadow of benefit. When Kitty had taken half a bottle of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

She was better, and when she had taken 1½ bottles she was perfectly cured and has shown

No Sign of Salt Rheum

For almost four years. Her skin is now as fair and clear as any child's in town." WM. FOX, Williams Slate Mantel Works, Fair Haven, Vt.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner Pills, assist digestion, cure headache and biliousness.

A Common Error.

Chocolate & Cocoa are by many supposed to be one and the same, only that one is a powder, (hence more easily cooked,) and the other is not.

This is wrong—
TAKE the Yolk from the Egg,
TAKE the Oil from the Olive,
What is left?

A Residue. So with COCOA.

In comparison,
COCOA is Skimmed Milk,
CHOCOLATE, Pure Cream.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR **CHOCOLAT MENIER**
ANNUAL SALES EXCEED 20 MILLION POUNDS.

If he hasn't it on sale, send his name and your address to **Menier,** Canadian Branch, 12 & 14 St. John Street, Montreal.

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Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored.

Weakness Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early errors or later excesses, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, development and tone given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 2,000 references. Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

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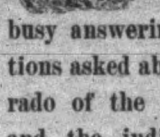
YOUR FRIENDS ‡ ‡ IN THE EAST

Are all anxious to know all about Vancouver Island and British Columbia .....



EVERY RESIDENT of British Columbia who travels in the East is kept busy answering the many questions asked about the new El Dorado of the Pacific Northwest, and the indications are that hundreds of Eastern capitalists, merchants, bankers, farmers fruit growers, mechanics, etc., are turning Westward Ho! with British Columbia as an objective point. It goes without saying that every resident of this Province is interested in the development of our many resources and glad of an opportunity to supply their friends with reliable information concerning this country and its many attractions for the tourist and homeseeker.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

IS

A Well-Edited 16-page Paper,

Filled each week with news from all points of the Northwest, will tell the story of the happenings in this section of the Dominion of Canada in an interesting and acceptable manner. Why not send a copy regularly to your friends, relatives and acquaintances back East? It is cheaper than writing letters and a saving of much labor. Terms are as follows:

WEEKLY, six months - - $1.00
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Victoria, B.C.

YOUR CHILD . . .
IS UNACCOUNTABLY LOSING FLESH
REFUSING TO TAKE ITS FOOD
LISTLESS AND DEBILITATED
WHY DON'T YOU TRY **The D. & L. EMULSION?**
IT WILL HELP WONDERFULLY

No. 220.

A BY-LAW

Authorizing the Corporation of the City of Victoria to Borrow the Sum of $200,000 00 in anticipation of the Receipt of its Revenue for the year 1894.

Whereas under and by virtue of subsection 134 of section 104 of the Municipal Act, 1892, every municipality may under the conditions contained in said sub-section borrow from any person such sum of money not exceeding an amount equal to the total amount of taxes upon land or real property, as shown by the revised assessment roll of the municipality for the preceding year, and bearing such rate of interest as may be requisite, to meet the current legal expenditure of the Corporation, which becomes payable out of the annual revenue before the revenue for the year becomes payable by the tax payers;

And whereas the total amount of the tax upon land for the year 1893 is $290,340.28 and upon improvements $41,286.00,

And whereas to meet the current legal expenditure of the Corporation of the City of Victoria for the year 1894, payable out of the annual revenue, before such revenue for such year becomes payable by the tax payers, it is requisite for the said corporation to borrow the sum of $200,000.

Therefore be it enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

Sec. 1. It shall be lawful for the Corporation of the City of Victoria, by the Mayor and the Finance Committee thereof, to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation from any person or persons, firm or firms, corporation or corporations who may be willing to advance the same, the sum of $200,000, in such amounts and at such times the same may in the opinion of the Mayor and the Finance Committee of the Council be required, bearing interest at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum.

Sec. 2. The money so borrowed shall be expended in defraying the current legal expenses of the said corporation for the year 1894, and shall together with the interest thereon, be payable and repaid to the lender or lenders thereof on or before the 31st day of December, 1894, out of the municipal revenue for the said year.

Sec. 3. The acknowledgment of such liability shall be in the form of a promissory note signed by the Mayor and the Finance Committee and the Clerk of the said Corporation, and shall be sealed with the Corporate seal of the said Corporation.

Sec. 4. In the construction of this By-law the expressions "Land" and "Improvements," and "Real Property," shall have respectively the meaning given to them in section 2 of the Municipal Act, 1892, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 5. This By-law may be cited as the "Annual Loan By-law, 1894."

Passed the Municipal Council the 5th day of February, A.D. 1894.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council the 12th day of February, A.D. 1894.

(L.S.) JOHN TEAGUE, Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria, on the 12th day of February A.D. 1894, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law, or any part thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J DOWLER, C.M.C.

No. 219.

A BY-LAW

Respecting the Assessment Roll.

Be it enacted by the Corporation of the City of Victoria, by the Council thereof, as follows:

1. It is hereby declared that a distinction for the purpose of assessment shall be made between land and improvements situate within the municipal limits of the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

2. Land situate within the said limits shall be estimated for the purpose of assessment at its actual cash value, as it would be appraised in payment of a just debt from a solvent debtor.

3. Improvements situate within the said limits shall be estimated for the purpose of assessment at twenty-five per cent. of their actual cash value, as they would be appraised in payment of a just debt from a solvent debtor.

4. The Assessor shall begin to make the assessment on or before the first Friday in January, and complete the same on or before the second Tuesday in April, and the assessment shall be made on the said second Tuesday in April in each year.

5. The Assessment Roll shall be returned by the Assessor to the Clerk of the Municipality on or before the third Saturday in April in each year.

6. In the construction of this by-law the expressions "land" and "improvements" shall have respectively the meanings given to them in section 2 of the "Municipal Act, 1892."

7. The "Land and Improvement Assessment By-law, 1892," "The Assessment By-law, 1893," and any by-law or by-laws containing any provision or provisions which may be inconsistent with or repugnant to the provisions of this by-law, is and hereby repealed in so far only as the same are so inconsistent or repugnant, so that full force and effect shall be given to the provisions of this by-law, but not otherwise.

8. This by-law may be cited as "The Assessment By-law, 1894."

Passed the Municipal Council on the 29th day of January, 1894.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed by the Council on the 5th day of February, 1894.

(L. S.) JNO. TEAGUE, Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 5th day of February, A. D. 1894, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law, or any section thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.

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10 per cent. Discount for Cash for One Month. B. Williams & Co., Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson St.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

Mr. Kitchen's Amendment Voted Down by the House.

THE GOVERNMENT DO NOT ANSWER

They Prefer to Negative the Amendment Without Any Discussion of the Charges Made Against Them by the Opposition—Debate Nearing an End.

FEBRUARY 21st.

The Speaker took the chair at 2 o'clock. Prayers by Rev. E. Robson.

The private bills committee reported the Hall Mines, Victoria Electric railway and light company, the Brunette Sawmill company and Chilliwack public works bills to the house.

The railway committee reported to the house the bill to change the gauge of the Kaslo railway.

Mr. Kitchen said that in the Colonist it was stated that the amendment he had introduced was in Mr. Beaven's finest handwriting. As Mr. Speaker well knew the amendment was not in Mr. Beaven's writing. He then continued the debate on his amendment to the motion to go into committee of supply. The apointment of a collector of votes in Chilliwack was unnecessary. It was just a little taffy thrown out by the government for a man who had got up the "little show" last fall. Then there was to be a second inspector of animal diseases. The vote for this second inspector was to give a favorite of the government a position. Then a provincial librarian had been paid over $1000 before the house met and by the estimates it was seen that there was a vote of $125 a month for the librarian. This was a very unnecessary appointment, as the library was closed during the recess. If the government had been fair they would have asked the house to sanction the expenditure of $17,000 for the expropriation of land for the government buildings. They must have known last session that the land would be needed. Although there had been no outbreak of disease during the year, the house was asked to legalize $8000 for quarantine purposes and the salary of a health officer. If these were necessary the government must have known it last year. The government acknowledged that the legislature was a non-representative one by their redistribution bill.

Mr. Forster said that it was the government that was trying to set the workingmen against their best friends. The government members were the anarchists. It had been proved by experience that it was better for the governments to own their own public works. He explained how the method had worked in New Zealand, which he said was now the only prosperous country in the world. The policy of the present government was to borrow money, which also had been the policy of the Australian colonies. But this government guaranteed the interest on railway bonds, which was worse than borrowing money, for they did not own the railroads when they were completed. In Australia it was different. There the governments borrowed money but they owned the railways and works built with the money. The provincial secretary had tried to make a member of the opposition make a single tax speech, not for information, but so that the speech could be misreported in the Colonist and cause a misunderstanding of the policy of the opposition. He would tell the attorney-general that the workingmen and most of the business men of the province knew what they wanted. They believed that those holding land, that did not want to use it should not be encouraged, and that if the government contributes to railway companies they should control the railroads. The attorney-general said at Nanaimo that he favored the extension of the E. & N. railway to Seymour Narrows. That would mean that the people of the province would pay to build a railway to improve the land of the Island railway company, which company owned the land through which it was proposed to run the railway. If the attorney-general had his way, the government would guarantee the interest on the bonds of a railway company that would only improve its own land. Before the government helped that railway the land given to the company should be taken back. The railway company had prevented the development of the province. The government should pay the company generously and take over the lands and build the railway themselves. There were two kinds of anarchists, one that defied the law openly and the other who defied the law while pretending to obey it. One was found in the slums and the other was found in the cabinet. The government, when they made the grant of land to the E. & N. railway company, promised that the land should not be taxed as long as it was not being used, but as soon as the land was used it would be taxed. They were thereby discouraging the development of the land. This was the height of absurdity. He could not see how a man who did a thing like this could lay claim to knowing anything like law. The attorney-general said at Nanaimo that it was the best the government could do at the time, but they did the same thing with the Canada Western last year. The government would yet have to revoke the E. & N. charter. It had been the curse of the east coast of the Island. There would be a deficit, not a surplus, at the end of the year. The government had scraped together everything they could think of for revenue, including estimated arrears. In the estimated expenditure nothing was said about the interest on the bonds of the Nakusp & Slocan, Shuswap & Okanagan and Victoria & Sidney railways.

Hon. Mr. Davie said he did not argue against the government control of railways. What he said was that after capital was invested it should not be made a target to be shot at.

The Speaker rang the bell to take a division on the amendment moved by Mr. Kitchen.

Hon. Mr. Beaven asked the Speaker if he was not going to allow the government to defend themselves. He had, through courtesy, kept his seat to give the government a chance to defend themselves. It was remarkable that ministers could keep their seats and not try to explain the charges contained in the amendment.

Mr. Speaker said the debate on the amendment had been closed.

Mr. Grant said he did not feel justified in voting against the government and for the amendment as there had been no explanation of the charges contained in the amendment. He was proceeding to speak to the question when called to order.

The amendment was negatived on the following division:

Yeas—Semlin, Milne, Beaven, McKenzie, Sword, Kitchen, Brown, Cotton, Forster and Keith.—10.

Nays—Baker, Pooley, Turner, Davie, Vernon, Martin, Croft, Eberts, Stoddart, Hunter, Booth, Rogers, Anderson, Hall, Adams, Kellie, Watt, Smith, Punch and Grant.—20.

Hon. Mr. Beaven proposed to add a few words to the original resolution.

Mr. Speaker ruled any further amendments out of order on the same day that one had been negatived.

Mr. Booth defended the actions of the government, and held that the position taken by Mr. Grant showed that the government were justified in running the province into debt.

Mr. McKenzie said the chief commissioner had once "sat on him" when they were not in equal positions, and he always felt sore over it. He would therefore have something to say about the chief commissioner's department. About $8000 had been voted for Nanaimo district, where there are innumerable roads. The money was voted as a bribery or pension fund. It was spent where it would do the government the most good. It should be stated in the estimates just where the money was to be spent. The province would never be settled under the present system of taking up land. Settlers were not encouraged in any way to take up land. Men who had taken up land should be treated more liberally. They should be allowed to leave the land for one or two months during the year without having to go and ask the chief commissioner for permission. Then the government built roads at random through the best part of the land. He read a statement made by a settler to the effect that $1000 worth of work had been done on the roads of Cedar district for $2000. There was one man working on the roads at $2.50 a day and there was a superintendent earning $3 overseeing the work done by one man. The government did not protect the farmers. He knew of sheep ranchers who had to leave their farms as their sheep were continually stolen and nothing was done to prevent it. Eight thousand dollars would be sufficient for Nanaimo district if it were properly spent. But it only represented about $4000 worth of solid work. The corruption fund should be done away with.

Mr. Keith said the finance minister had made an able but disingenuous speech. He had been carried away by his imagination. The leader of the opposition had known that the financial condition of the province was not as good as the finance minister had tried to make it appear. The government had run the province into debt and said they intended to go further in the same direction. He would not object to the province going into debt if something was received in return. All the schemes brought forward by the government had proved failures. Time had shown that the position taken by the opposition on the crofter scheme was correct. The government had to follow the policy of the opposition regarding the schools. Then the labor bureau had proved a dismal failure. It had not done labor a bit of good. The deputation representing the labor of the province could not accept the suggestions made by the government, and the government would not accept the suggestions made by the delegates. The government had failed utterly in their policy to "benefit" labor. The opposition had placed their arguments so clearly before the public that the government could not refute them, and the attorney-general as usual personally abused the members of the opposition. If the past record of every member of the opposition was looked into he believed they would compare favorably with the past record of the attorney-general. According to the attorney-general all who opposed the government or proposed reforms were anarchists. The provincial secretary had some cause for the warm feeling he had shown. It was only a short time ago that the house had discussed his action in going to England at the expense of the province, to advance his own interests. If a minister did anything that was not "above board" he was doing something that would redound against the interests of the province. If his course had been fair and right he would have had no need to fear criticism. But when he displayed unseemly warmth the members had to infer that there was something unfair behind the scheme. The president of the council's position would have been better if he had handed his brief in the case of the E. & N. railway company vs. the province over to some other lawyer. It was a very small thing for the provincial secretary to say that there was a plot to ruin him. What did the members of the opposition care for the Hon. Col. Baker outside of his position as provincial secretary? Then the chief commissioner had gone to Okanagan on a hunting trip and drew $160.

Hon. Mr. Vernon—I should have drawn more.

Mr. Keith—No doubt in his own mind the chief commissioner thought he had not taken enough. He had no doubt Mr. Vernon would take all he could lay his hands on. He did not object to the chief commissioner going hunting, but he objected to the province having to pay for it. The attorney-general's trip to Cariboo would never be forgotten. On his return he charged members with purloining documents and called them paid agitators. If anyone was a paid agitator it was the attorney-general. Very likely the attorney-general had charged the province for the trip he took to Nanaimo to open the poultry show. The member for Cassiar (Mr. Hall) said a good deal, principally nonsense, but it was appreciated because it brightened the debate. According to Mr. Hall the opposition members were anarchists and everything but gentlemen. He quoted a paragraph from the Times, but failed to say it was a clipping from the Vancouver World, a paper which, like the government, was full of false statements. To give credit to the statement the member for Cassiar credited the paragraph to a respectable paper. It had been proved by figures that the opposition members had received more votes than did the government members. The independent members had paved the way to many needed reforms. The government had followed the policy of the opposition regarding the wild land tax. The policy of the government had not benefitted the province.

Mr. Martin said the provincial secretary did perfectly right in trying to get the best price he could for his property. There was no need of the English public being deceived. The premier was to be congratulated for going over the province and seeing from personal observation what was necessary. He had opposed the parliament buildings bill, but the majority said the money was to be spent and all he had to say was that he wished the buildings would be a grand success.

Mr. Cotton said that although scarcely well enough to speak he could not let the opportunity pass without mentioning the action of the government in allowing a vote of censure to be put to a vote without attempting to explain many of the charges. With the exception of the minister of finance each minister who had spoken had either tried to whitewash himself or make charges against the opposition. When charges were made against a minister the government answered by saying they were personal. The president of the council had in a manly way defended his action in the case of the E. & N. railway vs. the Province. He had no doubt Mr. Pooley conscientiously thought he was right, but he was not. He very sensibly did not refer to any authorities to make good his position. The president of the council had no need to give up his practice; he could resign his portfolio in the cabinet. A man could not serve two masters. The provincial secretary's claim of poverty was no excuse for his action regarding the Cranbrook estate. The government's record was one of failures. They had only succeeded in running the province into debt. A few years ago the government said the crofter scheme would be a grand success, and now they admitted that it could never have been a success. There was the conversion scheme. That, also, had been a failure. It would cost as much to convert the loans as it would cost to erect the parliament buildings, a fact that the leader of the opposition had clearly established. The labor bureau scheme was another failure. The government had brought down an amendment to the act, but had passed it over day by day. The laboring men would have nothing to do with it, and the employers of labor made the government agree to smother the bill. The premier had a few weeks ago rushed from a conference at which he agreed to smother the bill to a meeting of workingmen at the city hall. The premier had only to go to a looking glass and he would see the greatest demagogue in British Columbia. The house had come down to a pretty low plane when the premier stooped to call respectable members of the house anarchists. Where are the public works for all the money spent by the government? The money had been squandered, wasted and used as a corruption fund. The government guaranteed interest on the bonds of railway companies. If those railways did not pay, the province paid the bills without owning the roads, and if they did pay the companies took the profits and kept the road.

Hon. Mr. Vernon set out to defend the government for not explaining the charges contained in the amendment moved by Mr. Kitchen. There had not been one substantial argument brought against the statements made by the finance minister in the budget speech. He could vouch for the correctness of the statements made in the budget speech. The arguments used by the opposition against the provincial secretary were at variance. The charges brought against the government were for a vindictive and wrongful purpose. A member should not be allowed to discuss the value of another member's personal property. Even if he had the house would have nothing to do with it. The charges against the president of the council had been amply answered and refuted. He moved the adjournment of the debate.

Hon. Mr. Turner wished to explain some matters which he said had been misrepresented.

Hon. Mr. Beaven said if this was allowed every member would rise to explain and thus make another speech.

Mr. Speaker—What the hon. leader of the opposition says is quite correct.

Hon. Mr. Turner said the opposition did not want an explanation.

Hon. Mr. Davie contended that the finance minister had a perfect right to explain certain statements made. He was proceeding to attack the leader of the opposition when—

Hon. Mr. Beaven rose to a point of order, but the government members would not allow him to speak.

Hon. Mr. Davie rose ostensibly to show that the minister of finance could speak, but again attempted to attack the leader of the opposition, and after some difficulty he was called to order. He made several more attempts to attack the opposition but each time was called to order.

The Speaker—On a motion to adjourn a debate the only point what can be discussed is the advisability or the non-advisability of the adjournment. The main question cannot be discussed under cover of a motion to adjourn debate. The debate was then adjourned till Thursday.

Mr. Semlin explained that in his speech yesterday in referring to the attorney-general he had said that he and the deputy attorney-general were at the Clinton assizes. On the report of his speech the Times said he stated that the attorney-general and his deputy were at the Lytton assizes.

The house adjourned at 5:50.

Paris Panic Stricken.

Paris, Feb. 21.—Mme. Calbresi, who was wounded by the bomb explosion at No. 9 Rue St. Jacques yesterday, died to-night. Police Commissary Dreches, who arrested Ravachol, and has been persecuted ever since by anarchists, is tired of his office and has asked to be transferred to a country district. The revelation of the plot to kill him yesterday has convinced him that he is too carefully watched. A tin box, supposed to contain an infernal machine, was found in the corridor of the Comedie Francaise this evening. It was sent to the municipal laboratory for examination. Several glass and iron tubes that looked like bombs were found in the corridors of the private houses or near small buildings to-day. Most of them had been placed by practical jokers and were found to contain only harmless powders. Two of them have not yet been examined. Paris is panic stricken. Everybody carrying a parcel is suspected and watched by the police. Metal boxes are regarded as presumptive evidence of evil intentions. Count Lavaeaux was arrested this evening as a suspected character because he was carrying a tin box under his arm and declined to open it at the command of a policeman. When opened the box was found to contain paints.

The police arrested to-day an anarchist named Rivoli, who had just arrived here from London, also five anarchists on suspicion of having caused an explosion in the Avenue Sainte Ouin. The explosion was attributed to the discharge of a bomb, but it was subsequently learned that it was caused by the ignition of gas. The police, however, found eleven shell bombs on the premises, and these were taken to headquarters for examination, with a view to ascertaining whether or not they were really intended to be filled with explosive material. The discovery of the so-called bombs has greatly agitated the residents of the neighborhood. A man of suspicious appearance, giving the name of Ravalli, recently hired a furnished apartment in a small hotel in the Rue St. Jacques. He disappeared on Monday and did not return at night. Early yesterday morning Mme. Calabresi, wife of the proprietor, knocked at the door. Receiving no response, she endeavored to open it, but found an obstruction which proved to resemble a bomb. Her husband summoned a policeman, who put his shoulder to the door and forced it open, throwing the bomb to the floor, causing a fearful explosion, wrecking the inside of the building, terribly injuring Mme. Calabresi, slightly hurting her husband, together with Monsieur and Madame Ismael and other inmates of the house. The uncle of Mme. Calabresi was pierced through the body by a bullet from the bomb. No reason is given for the action of the anarchist, unless he had a grudge against the proprietor, as the house belongs to the poorer class, and is not such as the foes of society would select to terrify the bourgeoisie.

The excitement was intensified later, when the prefect of police received a note signed Ravalli, saying he intended to commit suicide at the Hotel de l'Esperance, a place of similar character to that in which the explosion occurred. An investigation revealed the fact that another bomb, similar in character to the one which had exploded, had been placed in the hotel mentioned. Both places are under guard by the police. The excitement was added to later when it was discovered that an attempt had been made to blow up the handsome buildings of the ministry of foreign affairs. A metal tube was found lying at the entrance.

The Best Medicine.

J. O. WILSON, Contractor and Builder, Sulphur Springs, Texas, thus speaks of **Ayer's Pills:**

"**Ayer's Pills are the best medicine I ever tried; and, in my judgment, no better general remedy could be devised. I have used them in my family and recommended them to my friends and employes for more than twenty years. To my certain knowledge, many cases of the following complaints have been completely and**

Permanently Cured

by the use of Ayer's Pills alone: Third day chills, dumb ague, bilious fever, sick headache, rheumatism, flux, dyspepsia, constipation, and hard colds. I know that a moderate use of Ayer's Pills, continued for a few days or weeks, as the nature of the complaint required, would be found an absolute cure for the disorders I have named above."

"I have been selling medicine for eight years, and I can safely say that **Ayer's Pills give better satisfaction than any other Pill I ever sold."**—J. J. Perry, Spottsylvania C. H., Va.

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Every Dose Effective

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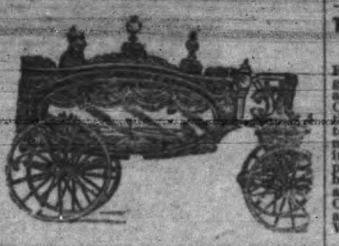

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They do not nauseate or rack and weaken the system like pills and other purgatives, but they tone up the liver and stomach, and give them sufficient strength to do their work naturally and well. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Headache, Biliousness, Pimples, Sallowness and all diseases arising from impure blood, or sluggish liver.

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Real Estate.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for city or suburban property, ranch 320 acres, 14 miles from Calgary, N.W.T.; 2 good roads to property; 205 acres fenced; 30 acres bush; good black soil; Elbow river crosses property; 2 good springs; well settled district; church, school, store, post-office, blacksmith shop, cheese factory, all within 1 and two miles. Price, $2,500.

250 ACRES, THREE-FOURTHS MILE fine water front, good land, partly cleared; good house and stables; splendid location for fishing and shooting and boating; low price and good terms, or exchange partly for cash and city property.

80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED, WITH house and stable, close to railway station; a good chicken and fruit farm; cheap.

10 ACRE BLOCKS, GOOD LEVEL LAND, close to Saanichton railway station; $1000 and $1500, according to position; very easy terms and low interest to parties buying to improve.

2 LOTS, 50x120 each, good land and close to good stream of water; $300.

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FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRE ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land; forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced. Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, 56 Third street, Victoria.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Commissioners for the transfer of the license held by me to Frank G. Norris, for the sale of spirituous and fermented Liquors by retail, upon the premises known as the St. George's Inn, Esquimalt Road, Victoria, B.C.

BENJAMIN CARTER.

February 9th, 1894. 1m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at the next meeting of the Board of License Commissioners of the City of Victoria, I shall apply for a transfer of my interest in the license held by Harrison and McAlister, to sell wines and liquors by retail at 67 and 69 Johnson Street, to William Harrison.

JOHN McALISTER.

Victoria, Feb'y 14th, 1894 —30t

The Board of Licensing Commissioners.

I, the undersigned William Baines, of 100 Fort Street in the City of Victoria, hereby give notice that it is my intention to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners, to be held on Wednesday, the 14th day of March next, for a license to sell wines, spirits, beer, and other fermented, and intoxicating liquors by retail, in a certain building to be used for Hotel purposes, containing 35 rooms, which said building is known as "The Osborne House," and is situate and built on Lot 140 in the City of Victoria, at the corner of Pandora and Blanchard Streets in the said City of Victoria.

Dated the 12th day of February A.D. 1894.

fe12-30t WILLIAM BAINES.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply at the sitting of the Licensing Court for the City of Victoria, to be held on the second Wednesday in March, 1894, for a transfer to John Roberts of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Bay View saloon, situate at the corner of Humboldt and Government streets in the City of Victoria.

T. J. RIDEHALGH.

Feb. 1-1m

NOTICE.

Municipal Act, 1892.

I hereby give notice that I intend to apply at the sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners to be held in next March for the transfer from myself to Horatio White, of the license now held by me to sell wines, spirituous or fermented liquors by retail at the "Omineca Saloon" Government street, in the city of Victoria.

M. J. CONLAN.

Dec. 6th, 1893. ja17-30t

NOTICE.

We hereby give notice that it is our intention to apply at the sitting of the Licensing Court for the City of Victoria, to be held on the second Wednesday in March, 1894, for a transfer to the executors of the estate of G. Bossi, deceased, of the license now held by the said G. Bossi, deceased, to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Russ House, situate on Johnston Street, in the City of Victoria.

ROSA BOSSI,
CARLO BOSSI,
Executors of the estate of G. Bossi, deceased

Feb. 12-30t

Mortgage Sale.

By order of the Mortgagee.

Under the powers of sale contained in two indentures of mortgage registered Nos. 9754B and 10700B in the Land Registry Office, Victoria, W. Dufour & Co., will sell by auction at their auction rooms, 102 Douglas street, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 28th day of February, A.D. 1894, at 12 o'clock noon, a part of Sections XLV and XXIV, Victoria District, more particularly described in Charge Book, Vol. 9, Fol. 32, No. 9754B, in the Land Registry Office, Victoria and containing one acre or thereabouts.

McPHILLIPS, WOOTTON & BARNARD,
j27-5t-Sat Solicitors for the Mortgagee.

Mortgagee's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that I, Joseph Levy, did on the 3rd day of February, 1894, under and by virtue of the powers contained in a certain Bill of Sale, by way of Chattel Mortgage, duly filed in the office of the Registrar General of Titles, at Victoria, B. C., take possession of the goods, chattels, stock-in-trade, fixtures, etc., of David Hart, doing business at 110 Government Street, Victoria, B.C., and that I will under power contained in the said bill of sale sell the said goods, chattels, stock-in-trade, etc., to satisfy the moneys secured by the same.

Until further notice Mr. H. Emanuel Levy will retain possession and conduct such sale.

Dated at Victoria, B.C., this 7th day of February, 1894.

Witness: M. Young.

JOSEPH LEVY.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The following named Street is closed to public traffic till further notice, viz: Stanley Street, from North Chatham to Bodwell Street.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

j11-tf

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The following streets are closed to traffic until further notice: Maclure street from south side of Belleville Street to the Public Park, also the north end of Park Street at its junction with Maclure.

By order,
E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The following named street is closed to public traffic till further notice, viz: First street, between Bay and King's Road.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON, Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT. Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MUSICAL.

BANJO and Guitar instructions by Chicago's popular banjoist, Mr. T. W. Reamer. Five Sister Block. n4

GEO. W. FUGGLE, PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER. Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O. Box 422.

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 2, S.W. corner of Five Sister Block, 2nd flat, Fort street. o10-tf

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY. Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary. ja13

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY. The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS. Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited. fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. ja16 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy23 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited. R. H. SWINERTON, Scribe. 1-17

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. E. PFERDNER, K. of R. & S. oc19

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join. F. C. SMITH, Secretary.

QUEEN'S MARKET. L. GOODACRE. Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS. Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 129

MRS. McGREGOR, MIDWIFE, 137 Cormorant Street.

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DR. A. C. WEST, Surgeon Dentist, Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B C. Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

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NOTICE.

Having purchased the stock of S. L. Kelly & Co., we are prepared to sell at lowest prices a fine line of heating stoves and ranges. Also tinware, copperware, etc. Jobbing and repairing strictly attended to. Hoping for a continuance of favors given the old firm. Yours etc., S. B. KELLY & Co., No. 24 Yates St. f22-1m

AMUSEMENTS.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A Girl for general housework. Apply Mrs. W. H. Bone, Topaz Avenue. fe19-4t

WANTED—Pushing canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; permanent position. Brown Bros. Co., Nurserymen, Portland, Ore. j6m&w

WANTED—Good, Live, Active Representative in this city and vicinity, to take agency for our Koaline Fuel Saver and Fumigator. A reliable article. Good profit. Factories, hotels and families use this compound. Address with stamp THE KOALINE FUEL CO., Windsor, Ont. n22-3m

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FOR SALE—House and grounds, nicely cultivated, very cheap, also some choice lots at a bargain, James Bay. Hall, Goepel & Co., 100 Govt. Street. f1-1m

A RARE SNAP FOR SALE—The finest business that can be desired, being two large branches of the Paragon Oil business in the States, with 2c. per gallon royalty on oil sold in two other large cities and other rights pertaining to the Paragon Oil Can. The plant alone is worth more than is asked for the whole. Two good men can make a large fortune in a short time. Easy terms. Apply Paragon Oil Co., Victoria. j27-tf

TO LET.

FIVE ROOMED HOUSE TO RENT—$8.00. 106 B. Dallas Road. fe21-3t

ONE OR TWO first-class bedrooms to let at Miss McCandlish's, 63 Superior Street, James Bay. fe19

TO LET—Two rooms with use of kitchen, for man and wife. Apply betwen 6 and 8 p.m., at No. 1, Collinson Street. fe16-1w

TO LET—Or for sale, a new house, with 5 acres of land, about three and a half miles from post-office. Apply Alan S. Dumbleton, 51 Langley St. feb7-tf

TO LET OR LEASE—Hotel with 20 rooms and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue. j3-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—Two dozen laying hens. Address "O." Times office. fe21-3t

LOST—Diamond Stud on Government St., finder will be suitably rewarded on returning it to New York Clothing House, 89 Government St. fe20-1w

LOST—On upper Fort St., or Pemberton St., a lady's gun metal watch with gold chain and pendants. A suitable reward will be given to finder leaving it at the Times office. fe20-1w

B. VAN VOLKENBURGH, BUTCHER AND PACKER, 72 Yates street. Oc17

BONAPARTE POTATOES —AT— R. H. JAMESON, 33 Fort Street.

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FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, March 17th, 1894, 2 p.m. For passage apply to 138, Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change. The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Alameda....Thursday, March 8th, at 2 p m. Or immediately on arrival of the English mails

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Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.

A. HYAMS - Manager

SMOKE T and B 20 CENTS A PLUG.

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To be the only house in B. C. where you can be fitted with glasse which will give comfort and ease to the eyes.

To furnish glasses FAR SUPERIOR in quality to any you can obtain elsewhere.

F. W. Nolte & Co., ONLY OPTICIANS OF B. C., 37 Fort St. 417 Hastings St., Vancouver.

Every household should be supplied with a bottle of

STAMINAL.

It makes delicious Beef Tea in one minute by merely adding hot water.

It contains the virtue of Beef and Wheat and the tonic qualities of Hypophosphites.

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The Daily Times.

SELF-CONVICTED.

The government's silence in respect to the charges embodied in Mr. Kitchen's amendment was highly suggestive. It was, in fact, an admission that the ministers had no defence to offer, and that they had to depend on their faithful followers to apply once more a generous coat of whitewash. A more humiliating position was never taken before a legislative assembly by any government. Mr. Kitchen as mover and Mr. Forster as seconder had formulated in plain and clear language a motion showing conclusively that the government has not got the funds necessary to meet the appropriations for the present fiscal year; that it is now attempting to deceive the house and the country by asking for sums of money for expenditure in the coming fiscal year as well, when it is possible to obtain the full amount specified only by additional taxation or further borrowing. The government had evidently hoped to keep these facts from the public until after the election. To help in this scheme it has used special and trust funds in order to hide the deficiency, which will nevertheless in time have to be made good by the taxpayers. It is a recognized principle in debate that when a government is attacked one of its members has the first right of reply. Mr. Beaven yesterday, in observance of the rule, kept his seat; but as neither one of the five members of the government was able to say anything in defence, Mr. Speaker rang the division bell, thus shutting off any further discussion by those who had spoken to the main question. The Davie combination can probably claim the proud distinction of being the first government in Canada to sit silent in face of a formidable indictment filed by an opposition.

The facts relating to the financial situation are very plainly set forth in Mr. Kitchen's amendment, and it is to be hoped that the people will show enough interest in their own welfare to look into them closely. The amount necessary to meet the appropriations for the current year, ending June 30 next, is $1,465,000. The estimated revenue for the same period is $1,058,691, leaving a deficit of $406,000, in round figures. It was claimed when the appropriations were voted that there would be sufficient of the fund from the "Loan Act, 1891," to make up this deficit and even leave a surplus to go over to the next year. In point of fact, on July 1, 1893, there was only $185,000 of the loan left to meet that prospective shortage of $406,000, and therefore the year must end with a deficit of $221,000 instead of the surplus figured by the finance minister. To cover up this deficit the government uses the special fund placed in its hands to meet the obligation incurred by the province in guaranteeing the interest on the Shuswap & Okanagan railway bonds, and also the trust moneys placed in the treasury on account of the intestate estates and suitors' funds. In addition to all this the government had in October last used up for general purposes the sum of $118,000 handed over to the treasury by the Nakusp & Slocan railway company under an agreement which the government persistently refuses to lay before the members of the house. Of course it is in that refusal supported by the faithful followers who elevate their thumbs when called upon.

The net result of the government's financial operations is that ten days ago the treasury was practically empty, except for the money borrowed to construct the new parliament buildings and the sum of $50,000 left from the loan of 1891. This latter amount would not make good the intestate estates and suitors' funds—in fact, the amount needed to make good the special and trust funds on January 1 last was $277,000. It is only too evident that the finances of the province are in a desperate condition, and that either additional taxation must be resorted to or the government must go borrowing again. It is equally plain that the government has done and is doing its best to conceal the facts from the electorate until after the election. Hence the silence in regard to Mr. Kitchen's amendment, which was even suppressed by the government organ in the fear of its being seen and read by the people.

LOAN CONVERSION.

The reports from the public accounts committee show beyond controversy that the cost of converting $735,000 of the bonds of 1877 and 1887 into inscribed stock has been $264,000, and that of the two loans there remains $989,000 to convert. At the same ratio as before the cost of converting this sum will be about $350,000. Therefore the total cost of conversion means an addition of over $600,000 to the public debt of the province.

All the calculations of the finance minister as to what a given sum would amount to in fifty years have no bearing on the subject, and are apparently intended to cause confusion. We feel certain that the taxpayers will be quite able to see the facts of the case through the Turnerian clouds. On that point there can be no doubt left in the mind of any person who looks at the increasing size of the burden to be carried.

The government and its organ apparently hope to make capital out of the refusal yesterday to allow Mr. Turner to speak out of order on this subject of conversion. Mr. Turner had full opportunity to speak before the vote was taken, and when he would have been in order. Why did he not make his explanation then instead of waiting to do so in an irregular way? We cannot tell, unless it was because the amendment had startled him too much.

Col. O'Brien, M. P., in a speech at Madoc, Ont., the other day, made some very caustic remarks about his old allies. He is thus reported in a dispatch: "After referring to the McGreevy scandal and other matters at Ottawa, he said that Sir Adolphe Caron could no more get a seat in the English house of commons, let alone a cabinet seat, than he could be czar of Russia. No other country would put up with such leadership one hour. He said that Canada has a government most afoully constituted. Just like the governors of a steam engine, it was regulated according to pressure. Referring to the Orangemen of Ontario, he said there used to be an Orange association, but he does not know whether there is such an association now or not. The person known as grand master was simply an agent of the Dominion government to distribute small patronage to a few Orangemen to keep them quiet. This was not as it was in the past, nor would it be tolerated. The speaker went into details on the question of the tariff, showing that poor people in buying cheap goods paid a much higher rate of duty than did rich people in buying more expensive articles."

Mr. Meredith, leader of the opposition in the Ontario legislature, believes that one session of the legislature every two years would be sufficient. In cases of emergency extra sessions could be called, he says. He spoke in favor of this change in the debate on the opening speech, and has now given notice of a resolution declaring for it. We do not suppose the resolution will pass, even though it has many considerations in its favor, among which is the very large anual saving it would effect. With the Mowat government in power Ontario might feel safe in deciding for biennial sessions, but let any person imagine a Davie combination freed from restraint for two years! The whole province might be disposed of by means of "special warrants" during the off year.

Nelson Miner: Contrary as it is to the opinion of many, even all that Col. Baker claims for Cranbrook may be accomplished, but then it must be remembered that many circumstances yet to be born of the future are counted upon to ensure the success of the scheme, any or all of which may miscarry, which may spoil all. The question which conservative men ask is: Should a provincial minister risk the reputation of the province on such chances for failure?

Had a Narrow Escape.

San Francisco, Feb. 22.—The schooner Schnauer reached here to-day from Apia, via Gray's harbor, after a passage of sixty-four days and a half. When the vessel was off Gray's harbor a distance of thirty-six miles, on February 14th, a heavy southeast gale was encountered. The Schnauer was thrown on her beam ends, and to add to the difficulty sprang a leak. Efforts were made to prevent serious damage, but it was impossible to stop the flow of water, and in a short time there was seven feet of water in the hold. On deck was 140,000 feet of lumber. The storm raged furiously, the vessel failed to right herself, and orders to jettison the cargo were given. At once the lashings were cut and the timber floated off. The effect was at once noticeable, as the heavy weight disappeared and the vessel righted. Besides lumber the schooner brings considerable wreckage from U. S. vessels driven ashore at Apia a few years ago during a heavy storm.

Interviewing Tariff Committee.

Ottawa, Feb. 22.—A batch of delegates is here to-day with the tariff committee. There are representatives of soap manufacturers, agricultural implements, wrought iron pipes and others.

'Rastus All Alone.

New York, Feb. 22.—Up to 11 o'clock this morning no one had appeared at the Tombs to go bond for Erastus Wiman.

New York, Feb. 22.—Erastus Wiman has been admitted to bail in $25,000.

Perfect health is seldom found, for impure blood is so general. Hood's Sarsaparilla really does purify the blood and restores health.

KOOTENAY CROPPINGS.

Output of the Mines—The Weather—Current Topics.

(Nelson Tribune.)

Three feet of snow fell at the Silver King mine one day this week. There are seventeen miners and laborers employed at the mine.

The bridge builders on the Kaslo & Slocan railway were laid off indefinitely on Tuesday last.

The concentrator on the Number One mine is approaching completion. The heavier portions of the machinery have been hauled from the wharf.

A correspondent at Maryville, on the east side of Kootenay lake writes: "Maryville is very quiet, and the weather is very fine. Snow is ten inches deep in the bush, and on the 28th January was four feet deep at the head of La France creek, on the summit of the Purcill range. The Hidden Treasure claim, owned by Albert Barrett and George Platt, is looking well. The ore is free milling and assays $9 in gold. The ledge was tapped at a depth of twenty-five feet, and so far only one wall is in sight, although the ledge has been crosscut fifteen feet."

McNaught of Seattle who is working the Grady Group is building a large arc shed at the wharf at Four Mile, and has commenced rawhiding.

The Botanic Creek Gold Mining Company has lately commenced operations again on its property on the Thompson river. R. C. Campbell-Johnson has been appointed consulting engineer to the company.

G. O. Buchanan addressed a political meeting at the Three Forks on Friday evening. He confirmed his remarks to the redistribution bill, explaining West Kootenay's claims for additional representation.

(Kaslo-Slocan Examiner.)

Seventy-five teams are at present bringing down and hauling out ore, with headquarters at Three Forks.

The assessment roll is now complete. The valuation of Kaslo's property is placed at the low figure of $350,000, which at the assessed rate of 15 mills on the dollar, gives the city $5250.

S. S. Baily, manager of the Payne group of mines, is taking out some fine ore from the Mountain Chief claim. (This is not George Hughes' Mountain Chief.) Some assays show 250 ounces in silver while picked specimens have gone as high as 1000 ounces in silver. On Monday last he brought down 84 sacks with four horses.

(Nakusp Ledge.)

The Alpha shows an average width of 11 feet of clean ore for over 60 feet of stripping.

A herd of about 20 caribou were observed across the lake on Monday.

Last week's ore shipments from the Slocan were 359 tons, valued at $43,080.

No less than 23 men are working on the Noble Five, averaging 13 tons per day.

Fifteen men, under charge of F. J. Kelly, are taking out two tons of ore per day at the Rico.

On Tuesday H. Jones purchased a one-eighth interest in the mineral claim known as the Snow Cap, from M. Condon, paying therefor $150. The claim is situated on Glacier creek, in the Lardo country, and is asserted to be a promising one.

According to the Star the snowfall at Revelstoke this winter has been the heaviest on record. Up to last week the snow guage measured 200 inches, or more than 16 feet. The weather, however, has been fine on the whole, with nothing like the cold experienced last winter.

SUNDAY OBSERVANCE.

To the Editor: The appended item appears in the Colonist this morning:

"A well attended meeting was held in the Catholic school yesterday evening, when various views were advanced by the thirty or forty gentlemen present on the question of Sunday observance. The British Columbia Sunday was contrasted with the Sunday kept on the continent of Europe, and under the influence of the Romish or the Greek church. The expression of opinion was in consequence of a desire expressed by the bishop as to the important subject."

I have no desire to engage in a religious discussion or stir up strife or hatred, but as a Roman Catholic I can hardly let the public slur contained in the above go unchallenged. I do not seek to deny to anyone the right of holding an opinion, but I do believe that the above is hardly the thing for publication as it is printed, in a generally patronized paper such as the Colonist is. It is an open insult to a large number of law-abiding, respected people in this city, and it is such nice reading for their children. It would be more excusable, too, were it all founded upon fact. Victoria is held up as a shining example of virtue in the matter of Sunday observance. What are the facts? The lotteries have their drawings on Sunday at 3, 5, 9 and 11 o'clock as usual, the houses of ill-fame do a "land-office" business on Sunday night, and many of the Sunday-observing saloon-keepers get down early and unlock their side and back doors. This is hypocrisy added to Victoria's pretensions, for the law prohibits all. Aside from this on the broad question of virtue I will admit that there is a difference in the vice of London, the eternal city of the Episcopal church, and gay continental Paris, which as I see it is this: The festive Parisian goes in for novelties and the sensational in vice, while the Londoner takes his badness in the routine form. The Colonist says there were thirty or forty gentlemen present, and refers to the Romish influence. Gentlemen never apply such epithets. It is the Roman Catholic church, over which Leo presides. But that may be the Colonist's error. In my reference to Victoria's vice I lay blame at nobody's door and insinuate nothing. I simply seek to show that the selection of conditions upon which to draw a comparison was a poor one and to mildly rebuke a gratuitous insult.

A ROMAN CATHOLIC.

At the Midwinter Fair.

San Francisco, Cal., Feb. 22.—As soon as the gates of the Mid-Winter Fair were opened this morning visitors poured in in large numbers and the indications are that Washington's birthday will be one of the biggest days since the opening. The feature of the morning was the grand parade of all the concessionaires, which was interesting adn attractive. The weather is fine and it is believed that the crowds will be greatly augmented this afternoon and evening. The programme for to-night includes an elaborate display of fire works and the complete illumination of the electric tower.

THE MARKETS

A Short Summary Covering Articles Produced by the Farmer.

Japan and Mexican oranges have disappeared from the local market and California navels and seedlings have the market to themselves. They retail at 50 and 25 cents respectively. The meat and cattle market is somewhat disturbed, principally through eastern competition. This probably accounts for the presence in the city to-day of such prominent cattle men as Price Ellison, of Penticton, J. B. Greaves, of Douglas Lake, R. L. Cawston, of Keremeos, and P. Burns and Wm. Hall, of Calgary.

There have been few changes in the market this week and no special features. The public market building actually looks busy, and it is barely possible that the dream of its promoters may be realized.

Retail prices are below:

Flour	
Salem	5 75
Oglivie's (Hungarian)	6 00
Lake of the Woods (Hungarian)	6 00
Premier	6 00
Three Star	5 75
Victoria	5 75
Lion	5 75
Royal	5 50
Wheat, per ton	30 00@40 00
Oats, per ton	32 50@35 00
Barley, per ton	32 00@35 00
Middlings, per ton	30 00
Bran, per ton	27 00@30 00
Ground Feed, per ton	30 00@35 00
Corn, whole	45 00
" cracked	50 00
Cornmeal, per 10 lbs	40
Oatmeal, per 10 lb	50
Rolled Oats, per lb	6
Potatoes, per bag	1 50
Honolulu sweet potatoes	5c per lb
Cabbage	3
Hay, baled, per ton	18 00@20 00
Straw, per bale	1 00
Onions, per lb	4
Eggs, Island, per doz	30
Imported eggs	25
Australian sugar, per pound	6 1-2
Butter, Island roll, (2 lbs)	60@75
New Zealand Creamery, per lb	35
" Creamery, per 3 lbs	1 00
Cheese, Canadian, per lb, retail	20
" American, per lb	18@20
Hams, American, per lb	20@22
" Canadian, per lb	17@22
Bacon, American, per lb	22
" Rolled, per lb	18
" Long clear, per lb	17
Shoulders, per lb	14
Lard, per lb	18@20
Pig's feet, per doz	75
Tongues and Sounds, per kit	2 25
Meats—Beef, per lb	7@15
Sides, per lb	8@[illegible]
Mutton, per lb	10@15
Pork, fresh, per lb	12@15
Chickens, per pair	1.50@2.00
Turkeys, per lb	20@25
Geese, per lb	20@25
Fish—Salmon (Spring), per lb	10@12
Rabbits, apiece	50
Salmon (Smoked), per lb	8@10
Halibut	10@12
Smoked halibut	12 1-2
Cod, per lb	8@10
" (Nfd), per lb	12 1-2
Small fish	5@8
Smelts, per lb	10@12
Sturgeon, per lb	7@8
Herring (Labrador), per doz	50
" (smoked) "	50
Eastern oysters, fresh, per quart	75
Fruits—Apples, per pound	5@8
Oranges—California.	
" Seedlings	25
" Naval	50
Lemons, California, per doz	25@35
" (Australian)	25@30
Pine apples, apiece	25@50
Cranberries, per quart	15@20

Marine

The steamer Walla Walla arrived from San Francisco at 11 o'clock last night. She brought 50 passengers and 100 tons of freight for Victoria.

The steamship Warrimoo sailed from Sydney for Victoria on Saturday, Feb. 17, and is due here about March 9. She had a total of 50 passengers aboard when she left Sydney. Her Australian freight for Victoria totals 25 tons.

Jewel Robbers Arrested.

Los Angeles, Feb. 22.—The police this morning arrested an unknown man and Mrs. Gardner, and her son, Harry Gardner, at the Phoenix lodging house, on a warrant telegraphed from San Francisco. It is claimed that the man is wanted for a heavy diamond robbery, in which $10,000 worth of jewelry was stolen. Mrs. Gardner is an employe of the United States mint. She is related to Lucky Baldwin, and was just preparing to drive to the Santa Anita ranch when arrested in company with the strange man who, it is said, accompanied her from San Francisco. No details can be furnished, as the police authorities maintain a strict silence under instructions from Chief Crowley. The arrest has excited unusual interest in Los Angeles owing to the prominence of the parties. Mrs. Gardner is a sister of Julius A. Kelly, ex-county recorder and a well known politician in this city. He was one of the founders of the Union League Republican club, and it was through his influence that Mrs. Gardner secured her appointment under Gen. Dimond.

The Cornell Outrage.

Ithaca, N. Y., Feb. 22.—Pending the result of the coroner's inquest into the death of the colored servant by chlorine gas at Cornell University, nothing new has transpired. The police are working energetically on the case. The coroner asserts efforts are being made to hush up the matter. McNeill and McCulloch, the students most seriously affected by the gas have recovered.

See

Our dollar trimmed felt hats. Lansdowne house, 86 Yates street.

The Aristocracy of Skin.

Six years ago the Ohio legislature repealed the "black laws" discriminating against the negroes, and opened the public schools to white and black children alike. No sooner had this been done than a serious difficulty occurred in the town of Felicity, whose population consisted of nine whites to one negro. When the negro children applied for admission at a white school, they were refused entrance, and when a negro father accompanied his children, he was roughly handled by white men. Finally the blacks were forced to accept an offer by the whites to provide separate schools for them. A year later the negroes made another effort to secure seats for their children in the regular schools, but they were again repulsed. The negroes took the matter into the courts, instituting proceedings against certain white persons who had obstructed negro parents when they tried to take their children inside the building, but two juries refused to convict the offenders, and the negroes had to surrender again. Now trouble has broken out in Chillicothe. In order to keep the black children from association with the white, the board of education constructed a "shoe-string district," with the avowed intention of keeping all the children in one building, no matter how far they might be forced to walk to reach it. The negroes held indignation meetings and sent protests to the board, but without effect. Now they propose to appeal to the law and see if they can secure redress of their grievances.

Don't Cough
AND IF YOU
Do Cough
USE
London Hospital Cough Cure
AND YOU
Won't Cough
Coughrane & Munn, Cough Curers,
Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Shaving 10 cents. 101 Douglas st.

—Fine English table cutlery at Fox's

—Suits to order, $16; pants, $4. R. J. Matthews, 101 Douglas St.

—E. Carne and Miss Isabella Noble were married on Monday evening at the home of Rev. P. McF. Macleod, who officiated. The wedding was attended only by the immediate friends of the couple.

—No remedy has ever before, in so short a time, sprung into such universal favor and demand as Atwood's cough cure, which undoubtedly has no equal. For sale by all medicine dealers.

—At the fortnightly meeting of the Diocesan Literary and Scientific Society tonight in Temperance Hall, Dr. S. M. Wade will lecture on the interesting subject of "Hypnotism." A varied programme will follow the lecture.

—Gold mines of great richness are being discovered daily in South Africa, but to-day a find of more value to us, is reported in the low prices and superior quality of goods sold at the Central Drug store; Clarence Block, corner of Yates and Douglas streets. Open all night.

—To-day is Washington's birthday. A flag on the consulate, a few others flying on different buildings and broad smiles on the faces of the members of the American colony mark the observance of the day. Everywhere throughout the United States to-night the patriotic will gather and drink to the memory of the immortal George.

—There was a meeting last night of the Christ Church branch of the Canadian Church Union. Rev. C. E. Sharp lectured on "vestments and colors." The lecture was illustrated by large drawings. The lecturer showed the origin of the amice, alb, girdle, maniple, stole, and chasuble. These vestments had come down through 2000 years; they were not inventions of yesterday. The cape, dolmatic and tunic, and the sarum and crimson colors were also explained. A goodly number listened to the lecture, and a vote of thanks was tendered Mr. Sharp.

—The sealing schooners which are cruising along the west coast of the Island have not as yet succeeded in making catch whatever. The Maude, which returned from the west coast last evening, spoke the Annie C. Moore at Ahousat and also spoke along the coast Captain Jones' new schooner, the Kate and the Wanderer, none of which had obtained their Indian crews. The Saucy Lass was in Dodge's Cove and expected to sail to-day. There is lots of snow along the coast but the weather is fine. No seals were seen. The passengers were: Mr. McKay and party, surveyors, of Seattle, who have been down to Mr. Anderson's silver mines, Misses Mary Anside and Jessie Peters, P. Jacobsen, H. H. Baker, Wilson and Crompton.

—A Tacoma special of yesterday says: The two McCains, arrested in Victoria Sunday, appeared in court to-day on arraignment and asked until Friday to plead. This request was granted. The accused have engaged the best legal counsel and bail for each is fixed at $1000. Prominent citizens offer to go on the bond of Francis D., the ex-city clerk, but a difficulty is experienced in getting bondsmen for the release of his brother. Francis D. McCain will probably be released late to-night. There is growing sympathy for him, and it is expected that most of the money he got away with will be returned. He claims that his brother is entirely innocent, and says he owes his own downfall to trying to help out License Inspector Hice, who embezzled city funds last year, skipped and returned home to die. McCain borrowed money for him that he has never been able to get back.

—One of the most successful and interesting lectures on early days in British Columbia was that delivered last night by Rev. E. Robson in the James Bay Methodist school room. The chair was occupied by Rt. Rev. Bishop Cridge and there were many others in the audience who, like the chairman, could well remember the incidents both amusing and otherwise referred to by the lecturer. The evening's entertainment was enlivened by the choir who rendered several pleasing selections. Rev. Mr. Robson described his arrival in Victoria in 1859, his trip to New Westminster on the old steamer Beaver and the long paddle up the Fraser river in a canoe. Life in the mining camps of Yale and Hope and the experience of keeping bachelor's hall or rather cabin, gave the reverend lecturer many opportunities to amuse the large audience. Then there was the return to Victoria in 1860, when around the old fort were gathered men from every part of the globe and of every character. The lecturer was frequently applauded by the very well pleased audience. A vote of thanks, moved by the Hon. Senator Macdonald and seconded by Mayor Teague, was tendered Rev. Mr. Robson. Both the mover and the seconder of the resolution congratulated the lecturer and versed many of the incidents referred to.

—The steamer Premier left Vancouver at 2 o'clock. She connected with the Pacific express.

—The members of the W. C. T. U. are holding a meeting this afternoon at the home of Mayor Teague.

—A large assortment of goods at half price, by order of the assignees, at Johnston & Co., book store.

—Challoner & Mitchell are offering special prices to reduce stock prior to arrival of new goods. See them.

—The Victoria footballers will go down to San Francisco in March to play against the local team of that city.

—The evangelists Webb and Reid are doing very successful work at Walla Walla. They have made many converts.

—Georgie Sinclair, the young woman who attempted suicide, was taken down to San Francisco to-day by her brother-in-law who lives in Oakland.

—The first dramatic practice of "Mikado" will take place this evening in the Y. M. C. A. hall. Every member of the company is expected to be present.

—Ald. Munn, Vigelius and Styles, constituting the Old Men's Home committee, are visiting that institution this afternoon. They will inspect the premises.

—The legislative committee of the city council held a meeting this morning when amendments to the municipal act and the proposed new charter of the tramway company were considered.

—Three Chinese peddlers were before the police magistrate today for not paying market fees. The court dismissed the cases on the ground that the by-law requires market fees to be paid daily.

—Three of the crew of the Seattle sealer Helen, one a boat puller and two boat steerers, have deserted, and the police have been called upon to return them aboard. The men have not yet been found. The Helen came in here a week ago after boats. The cause of dissatisfaction is not known.

—In a late San Francisco paper a notice appears, stating that the "historian" Herbert Howe Bancroft, who was made an honorary member of the Society of California Pioneers, has had his name erased from the roll "as unworthy of a place on the parchment where the name of General Grant was written."

—The steamer City of Puebla sails this evening at 8 o'clock for San Francisco. The following cabin passengers will go from Victoria: Joseph Marion and wife, Wm. Webster and wife, C. F. Foreman, F. R. Stewart, A. E. Kennedy, J. W. Pittock, Mrs. James Langley and child, Miss Warren, F. Barnard, C. E. Renouf, E. B. Marvin, Miss A. Worthylake and child, Mrs. Adams, H. Noble and wife, W. Templeton and wife, W. A. Templeton and R. T. Ward.

—Another eastern mutual building and loan association, The Provincial of Toronto, has secured a license to do business in the province. It is on the national plan now so very popular across the border and in England. A local board of directors to deal with the business in Victoria, Esquimalt and districts, has been formed, with C. E. Renouf president, H. Brown vice-president and Messrs. Howard, Fuller, McCrady, Taylor and Kent, directors; Joshua Holland, valuator; Thornton Fell, solicitor, and J. St. Clair Blackett, secretary-treasurer and agent.

—The choir of the Centennial Methodist church, under the leadership of Clement Rowlands, were very successful with the Eisteddfodic social which they held last evening in the school room adjoining the church. A dialogue competition, in which three couples took part, was very amusing. The prize was won by Messrs. Deville and Carlyon. Chairman Shakespeare delivered a short opening address, followed by a glee by the choir which was very pretty. Mr. and Mrs. Rowlands each sang solos in their usual pleasing manner. A quartette by Mrs. Rowlands and Miss Humber and Messrs. Rowlands and Shedden, was particularly well rendered, as was also a quartette by Misses Anderson and Humber and Messrs. Rowlands and Shedden. So well pleased was the audience with the social that the entertainment will, in all probability, be repeated. Miss F. Leech acted as accompanist.

—Patti Rosa, the clever little comedienne, who has endeared herself to the fun loving public, comes to the Victoria theatre next Monday night in her new comedy, "Miss Dixie." She is a stage favorite who has been time tried and has not been found wanting in any respect. Those who have written of her performances this season have characterized them as superior to any she has previously given. Never in her career has she been in such excellent form as at present. She is in better voice than ever before, and some of her songs have caught the public fancy to the degree that they are whistled and hummed everywhere. Her company is fully up to the high standard she has set and maintained. Joe Cawthorn, the jolly German comedian, is still a prominent figure in it. Bert Coote, another well known comedian, is a member of it, and Maurice Darcy, the clever young baritone, remains a feature. Louis M. Carpenter, Ogden Stevens, John W. Dunne, Joe Nowman, Rachel Deane, Olive Gates, Fannie S. Jacobs and others assist in amusing and entertaining.

Wonderful One Dollar Shoes.
For men and boys, for women and girls, at Russell & McDonald's annual boot and shoe sale, opposite the iron church, Douglas street.

Awarded Highest Honors World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

FROM THE NORTH.

Deep Snow Along the Skeena—An Epidemic of Measles at Metlakathla.

The steamer Barbara Boscowitz returned from the north last evening, having made her first round trip under the agreement by which she and the Danube will run alternately. This change means that the freight and passenger rates, which have been low on account of the opposition between the two companies, will be raised. The passengers by the Boscowitz were: Mrs. Beavis, Miss K. Ross, Mrs. Stephenson, Mr. and Mrs. Corker, G. Pearson, T. Drainey, S. Munson, C. H. Cameron, H. M. Wright, C. Barton, A. Dudoward and S. A. Spencer. The trip was a long and cold one.

The Hydah Indian, Captain Gold, known as the discoverer of gold on Queen Charlotte Islands, died at Skidegate in January.

A correspondent writing from Claxton says: At Port Essington they have six feet of snow, it is nearly up to the roofs of the cabins and some of the old houses have fallen down, but in Claxton we are a little better off; there is only about 4 feet. If you go into the woods it is up to your neck. At Kitkatla the Indians are just slaughtering the deer for their hides. One day some Indians were out about three hours and came in with 40 hides and left the carcasses on the beach. Cunningham has lost four or five booms of logs through the big waves and high tides. At Metlakatlah there is an epidemic of measles. Some of the Indians have lost two or three children and every week three or four die. I see the Boscowitz is running in with the C. P. N. Co. The people are complaining as the rates have been raised.

THE THEORY STRENGTHENED.

No Doubt That an Explosion Was the Cause of the Loss of the Estelle.

Captain Jas. Christiansen returned last evening from Cape Mudge where he went some days ago in search of more information regarding the wreck of the steamer Estelle which was commanded by his son. He found additional portions of the steamer which strengthened the theory that there was an explosion. Parts of the hull which could not have been broken by the sea, were smashed to splinters, showing that there had been an explosion. The base of the mast was also picked up having been blown out of the hull. Part of one of the small boats found was broken to splinters. Captain Christiansen cruised along the coast in an open boat and at low tide he explored the reefs, but could find no trace to show that the steamer had foundered. He is more than ever of the opinion that it was an explosion that caused the death of his son and his crew. He could not ascertain whether there was any powder aboard the steamer, but powder was very often taken up to the logging camps. The settlers along the coast, particularly Mr. and Mrs. Parey, were very kind to Capt. Christiansen and assisted him in every way possible. He wishes to again thank them through the Times and also to thank Capt. Williams of the Boscowitz who picked him up and brought him to Victoria.

The Captain searched through rough weather and fine for some trace of the bodies of his son and the other men, but could not find them. The settlers have promised to keep a look out and let him know if the bodies are found.

H. J. MORGAN'S AFFLICTION.

His Eldest Son Dies in Victoria, B.C., After a Brief Illness.

A heavy blow has fallen on the home of Mr. Henry J. Morgan, of the secretary of state's department; and heartfelt sympathy will be felt with him and Mrs. Morgan in the sore bereavement they sustain in the death of their eldest son, in the very flower of youth. Henry George Morgan was only in his twentieth year when Death, who has all reasons for his own, cut him off even as life seemed fairest and most promising.

The blow to Mr. and Mrs. Morgan is the more terible because wholly unexpected, the latest advices from Victoria, B. C., up to the fatal announcement of Saturday, being to the effect that "Harry," as he was affectionately called by his friends, was steadily improving.

The deceased young gentleman was born in Ottawa a little over nineteen years ago. After a careful home-training he was sent, at a very early age, to the Model school, where he had a consistent record as an industrious and talented pupil, of irreproachable conduct. He subsequently entered the Collegiate Institute and there also both masters and pupils had nothing for him but words of praise. The present writer feels, indeed, that he can offer no better testimony to the amiability and worth of Harry Morgan than the simple and pathetic words of one who saw him constantly, day in and day out, for years, and who said of him just after the sad news of his death became known, "He was really a good boy, if ever there was one; gentle and tender by nature, and full, beyond his years, of thought and consideration for others." Never were truer words uttered, as all who knew him will gladly and sorrowfully attest.

Showing a marked preference for the sciences, young Mr. Mogan passed with distinction both his matriculation examination at McGill in the applied science course and also his first year examinations. Full of honorable ambition, he overtaxed his bodily stregth in his devotion to study and so brought on the illness which had had a fatal ending. Owing to his weakened state he was unable to attend the current term at the University, and some three months ago he was sent to Victoria, B. C., in the hope that the complete rest and the mild and genial climate of the far western province would together restore him to health and strength. In Victoria he was the guest of his grandfather, the Honourable A. N. Richards, Q. C., formerly Lieutenant-Governor of the province, and everything that could be done for the improvement of the invalid's condition was tried but, as the event proved, all in vain. Only ten days ago his mother was summoned to nurse him, and it is at least a melancholy consolation that she was with him at the end.

Harry Morgan's life was short, but he much influenced his friends, always for good, and there is comfort for those who loved him in the thoughts suggested by such words as these, words uttered by a great and good man, Dr. Ireland, Archbishop of St. Paul: "That life is worth living whose action puts forth noble aspirations and good deeds. The man's influence for truth and virtue persevering in activity, his life has not ceased, though earth has clasped his body in its embrace. It is well that it is so. The years of usefulness between the cradle and the grave are few."—Ottawa Citizen.

A-DOZEN-BABIES
—For $4.—
Cabinet Size and Best Finish at
SKENE LOWE'S,
Government Street.

Law Intelligence.

Mr. Justice Walkem, in the supreme court chambers this morning, heard the following applications:

Cooley vs. Fitzstubbs—Application by the plaintiffs for an order for an examination of the defendant for discovery.

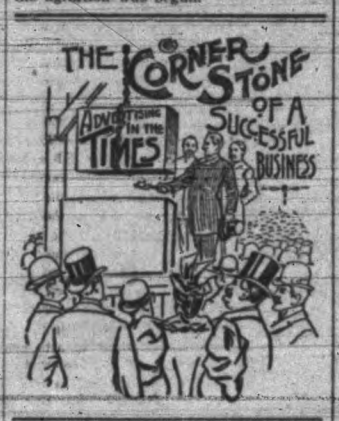
Davie, Q. C., for defendant, under rule 705, contended that the order could not now be made. An order has been made that the statement of claim be amended and the amended claim has not been delivered. The application was dismissed with costs, the learned judge holding that the order could not be made until amended defence delivered or time for delivering same had expired.

Potts (Belyea & Gregory) for the plaintiff.

C. P. N. Co. vs. Short & Squair—Crease (Bodwell & Irving) for the plaintiffs obtained an order for summary judgment under order 14.

Pacific Mail Company's Prospects.

San Francisco, Feb. 22.—President Huntington of the Southern Pacific was asked last night if the Pacific Mail had made arrangements to restore the old relations once existing with the Panama Co. Without directly answering the question Mr. Hunter intimated that such a thing might happen and said: "There seems to be opposition on the part of people of this city towards the Pacific Mail. Perhaps I might better say that a few people were striving to stir up an opposition, for I don't think the great mass of the business community are hostile to the Pacific Mail. They certainly have no reason for maintaining such an antagonistic attitude. If it had not been for this noisy opposition there would now be plying between this city and China three new steamers of 10,000 tons burden each. Contracts had been made and we had actually arranged to go to work on these steamers at Newport News, but all this was stopped when the agitation was begun."



C. P. N. CO., LTD., STEAMER
DANUBE
Meyer Master
Will leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf,
—FOR—
Fort Simpson and Way Ports
TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 27th,
At 7 o'clock p.m.
For freight or passage, apply at office of Company, 64 Wharf street, Victoria, B.C.
The company reserves the right to change this time table at any time, without notification.
JNO. IRVING,
Manager.
fe19

NOTICE.
I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, Mrs. D. H. Adams, after this date.
Dec. 23, 1893. D. H. ADAMS.

W. J. STODDART,
Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired at the lowest price in town and the best of work.
Cleaning, 75c.; best main spring, 75c.; balance staffs, $1.25; clocks cleaned, 50c.; seal teeth mounted for brooches in gold, $3.50; seal charms and pins, $2.00.
Repairs of every description.
New York Hotel Building, Yates Street,
Opposite Wilson Hotel.
N.B.—Chronometers, Repeaters, Chronographs repaired at half the price charged elsewhere.

PATENTS
CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS
COPYRIGHTS.
CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to MUNN & CO., who have had nearly fifty years' experience in the patent business. Communications strictly confidential. A Handbook of Information concerning Patents and how to obtain them sent free. Also a catalogue of mechanical and scientific books sent free.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the Scientific American, and thus are brought widely before the public without cost to the inventor. This splendid paper, issued weekly, elegantly illustrated, has by far the largest circulation of any scientific work in the world. $3 a year. Sample copies sent free.
Building Edition, monthly, $2.50 a year. Single copies, 25 cents. Every number contains beautiful plates, in colors, and photographs of new houses, with plans, enabling builders to show the latest designs and secure contracts. Address
MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 BROADWAY.

An Ideal Food for Infants.
MILK GRANULES
WITH
CEREALS.
A combination of the perfect equivalent of Mother's Milk and the finest Barley, specially treated to render it easily digestible.
Sold by all Grocers and Druggists. Prepared by The Johnston Fluid Beef Co.

EASTERN POULTRY
At the New CITY MARKET
Fresh arrival of TURKEYS, CEESE and CHICKENS, from Smith's Falls, Ont.
Also Grain Fed MUTTON, from Prince Edward Island.
The above is all in first class order and will be sold at the following prices retail:—Turkeys, 18c. per lb; Geese, 10c. per lb.; Chickens, 12½c., Mutton, fore quarters, 8c. per lb.; Mutton, hind quarters, 11c. per lb.
Housekeepers and caterers are respectfully asked to take advantage of these low prices.
WM. BEECH, New City Market.

Place a Cake
OF BABY'S OWN SOAP

In your linen drawer and it will impart to your clothes the delicate aroma of fine French Pot Pourri in a modified degree.
The longer you keep the soap before using it the better.
Beware of Imitations.
The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Montreal, Sole Manufactur

Argyle House
Just Received
The following
SPECIAL BARGAINS
20 Yds. White Calico for $1.00.
12 Yds. Good Gingham for $1.00.
Very Wide Flanelette, worth 15c. a yard, for 12 1-2 cts.
Fancy Flanelettes, worth 16 1-2c. for 12 1-2 cts.
A Very Nice Line of Diagonal Dress Goods, in Plain Colors, worth 50c. a yd., for 35c.
Remnants of Embroideries, Laces, Tickings, Calicoes, Toweling, Linens, Dress Goods, &c., &c
VERY CHEAP
J. Horner & Co.

$10 REWARD
Will be given to any person or persons giving such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons injuring or destroying the newly planted shade trees in Beacon Hill Park, or wilfully damaging other Corporation property in said Park.
By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.
City Clerk's Office,
23rd January, 1894. 124

YOU Always Pay
For what you get. But do you always
Get What You Pay For?
YOU DON'T get what you pay for if you get inferior goods at regular prices.
YOU DON'T get what you pay for if you pay for a quality you don't receive.
YOU DON'T get what you pay for if you pay an extravagant price.
YOU DON'T get what you pay for if you help to sell an exorbitant profit.
Whose fault is it if you don't get what you pay for?
It's Your Own Fault,
BECAUSE you can always get your money back to the last cent by trading with us.
BECAUSE we guarantee the best for the money.
BECAUSE we guarantee the most for the money.
BECAUSE we guarantee the very lowest prices.
Every one of these facts goes to show that you ought to
Trade With Cameron.
REMEMBER you can get a square deal for a round dollar.
REMEMBER that you can get a high grade for a low figure.
REMEMBER that you pay for what you get and get what you pay for at.
Cameron's
Cash Clothing Store,
55 Johnson Street.

FOR SALE
6 Lots--2 Corners
ONE ACRE
The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property.
THREE LOTS
Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain
J. E. CRANE,
30 Broad Street.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.
NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.
ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C
The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.
THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.
Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.
7 00 a.m. Lv. SPOKANE Ar. 5 30 p.m.
Commencing January 8, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

DOMESTIC SERVANTS IN INDIA

III.—THE AYAH.

(Written for the Times.)

In a European family in India, the Ayah (children's nurse) is usually a Goanese, Mahomedan, or Madrasee, and is very often the only female domestic kept. In a large family, however, there are sometimes two of them employed. The Goanese and Mohomedans, are chiefly employed in the Bombay residency, as most of these have a fair knowledge of English, and service, and are on that account preferred.

In Parsee families the Goanese ayah is exclusively employed, and, I have sometimes seen as many as three of them in one family and solely entrusted with the care of the children. In most Parsee families, even the wealthiest, the women of the household do all their own cooking, etc.

The dress of the ayah in domestic service is rather a picturesque one, being a piece of white Indian muslin about five yards long and a yard broad, with a fancy stamped border at each end. These are manufactured in different colors, (both abroad and in India), for the Indian market, and called "sarees" which is the native name for them also. This saree is worn in folds round the body while one end is carried over the shoulder and thrown over the head. A jacket made of some colored flannel is also worn with short sleeves; also a skirt made with some light chintz. Some silver and glass bangles with a bead necklace and earrings are also worn. The Mahomedan women also wear a large nose-ring and silver anklets. Most of them also wear leather sandals or slippers which forms the only covering for their feet.

Although the ayah belongs to the "fair" sex, she is not by any means fair, still there are some very pretty women among the natives of India, notably the Mahomedans and Brahmins. When they dress in a black, or navy blues saree with a neat gold embroidered border the effect is very rich and becoming. They are also noted for their long raven black hair which they neatly do up and tie in a large knot at the back of their heads.

Most of the native women in India, with the exception of the Goanese, chew the beetul leaf and nut, called "pan supari." This habit is very prevalent among all classes, both poor and rich. Even the Parsees use it, and it is one of the closing customs at all their religious and social functions, the distribution of "pan supari" and a little attar (otto of roses). Tobacco is also used with the "pan supari" and the Parsees being fire-worshippers don't smoke, but are great snuff takers and tobacco chewers. It is considered by the natives themselves to be in very bad form for a woman to smoke, and I have seen none but questionable characters addicted to the habit. There is a caste in India called "Camatees," and the women of this caste are nearly all "native cigarette" makers. It is a common sight to see them at various points of a street with these cigarettes for sale, and many of them have their regular customers from other castes. The native cigarette is about three inches long and consists of a good pinch of tobacco rolled up in a particular kind of leaf, which is tied at the end with some thread. They are put up in little bundles of twelve, and sold at a piece, or one cent a bundle.

The ayah has very little knowledge of English cookery beyond a little broth or gruel for the sick. Her chief duties are to look after the "baba logue" (children) and to keep them out of mischief. In India the tub and shower bath is a luxury, where bathing rules are rigidly enforced by "dame nature" and two baths a day is not unusual in the summer. The ayah if she is single-handed, has a pretty hard time in a large family, and often her duties also include those of lady's maid as well.

The "chota hazri" or small breakfast is usually the first meal in India and generally consists of a few slices of toast with a cup of tea or coffee. This is partaken preparatory to the morning walk or drive. The breakfast proper is partaken at about 9 a.m. and the mid-day meal called "tiffin" is usually taken at about 2 p.m. The afternoon teas are generally very light and consist of some cake or bread and butter and a cup of real good Indian tea, which has quite replaced the Chinese brands. The dinner bell rings at about 7 p.m. and is often the last meal.

As to recreation for the children, in the fort at Bombay, the esplanade band stand is a favorite rendezvous of the ayah. Here the questions of the day are usually discussed among them, and their mistresses are no doubt the chief topic of conversation. As for "comparisons being odious," I have found from my experience in India, that to the native mind it is not so, on the contrary it is considered necessary by them, which, perhaps sometimes it is, when the question of salary is concerned. The band used to play in the writer's time at the above band stand twice a week by bands from the European and native regiments; and, it is one of the wonders of a stranger to hear the native bandsmen perform on their instruments, (which they do quite as well as their white brethren in arms) under a European bandmaster, and to the European mind it is no doubt surprising to find these men mastering music in the way they do, and going through some of the most difficult operatic pieces by some of our best composers with an ease and freedom which is simply astonishing. These native regimental bands are composed of both Mahomedans and Hindoos and the caste barriers that exist, form formidable obstacles to their own advancement in life, especially with the women, although by degrees they are being gradually "burned away."

I have met several ayahs who have accompanied their mistresses to England, and were quite used to the "mal-de-mere" which often prostrates them, and renders them helpless on a sea voyage. Of course it is only an experienced woman of this kind that would be induced to leave her relatives, and, even family, to take a trip across the "kala pain," "black waters," and this is done on the understanding that due provision will be made for the stranger in a strange land, and her return to her native country. It is, however, sometimes disappointing if sickness should overtake the ayah, and, the situation is rather embarasing on board ship, especially if the children be young, in which case the poor mother has as much as she can do looking after them, and there is little wonder then at her being prostrated herself.

When the ayah gets to be an old servant, and lives, as some do, to see what she calls her children grow up and married, then, her influence with her mistress in regard to the other servants is seen and felt by them. In matters relating to leave or promotion, she is often consulted as an oracle; and, in religious ceremonies, the ayah's advice or opinions as mistress of ceremonies, are on no account to be despised. Should any of the other servants incur her displeasure, the apology exacted is often so out of proportion to the offence, and in the end the guilty party finds that his indiscretion has cost him his appointment.

The reports that have gone abroad about the Indian ayah resorting to opium as a means of quieting her charges at night, is in some cases true, but at the same time, they have also been greatly exaggerated. Although, they give it to their own children, and use the drug themselves for medicinal purposes, still, in European families, they are afraid and pretty careful in what they do. And the cases that have come under the writer's notice are very few. No doubt the facility with which opium can be bought at the bazaars greatly add to the temptation, and it is to be seen whether the "opium commission" now sitting in India impose any restriction as to its indiscriminate sale. However, from what I have seen of the evidence given before them, it may lead to an increased consumption of opium in India. The abundant evidence given as to the exhilarating effects of opium, the improved appetite, and increased capacity for work which it is said it gives, would have brought a fortune to a "patent-medicine vendor," and will no doubt tempt many worn out workers to seek relief from the drug. Hitherto the fame of De Quincy has made opium more or less a terror to Englishmen, but now it appears that his case is quite exceptional and it seems almost certain that the evidence given before the commission will lead many persons to experiment with opium who would never have dreamt of such a thing before.

The great Hindoo festival of "Narel Purnima," (cocoanut day) which is held on the sea shore of Back Bay and other points at Bombay, is one which the youngsters and their ayahs thoroughly enjoy. This festival is the occasion on which every true Hindoo feels bound to appease the mighty God of storms by an offering of cocoanuts in order to gain his favor for such as may trust themselves during the ensuing year to the mercy of the seas. There is hardly another day on which Bombay displays a more pleasurable aspect as on this especial festival. All business is suspended for the day among the various communities and there is almost a total cessation of work every where, the day being recognized as a government and public holiday. On this day every Hindoo throws off that orthodox apathetic indifference and reserve he is so nurtured to, and dives deeply into real, earnest enjoyment. From an early hour in the forenoon till long after the shades of evening are gathered in, crowds of men, women and children, decked in their gala costumes of rainbow hues, are to be seen wending their way to the sea shore to make their accustomed offerings to the "salt sea-king." There are also to be seen quite a number of flower girls, who offer for sale as a necessary accompaniment of the sacrifice a few petals of the wild balsam on leaves. The water edge is crowded with men and boys eager to grab the nuts as they are tossed in by the crowd, and many are the heads that receive a sharp crack as the nuts are being showered from the shore. Some of these men are presumably agents to the coconut proprietors, for in many instances the nuts are deftly returned to the original stalls, where there shrewd proprietors turn them again into fresh capital.

According to the native social etiquette you must not refer to a native's wife, though visitors are gratified at enquires after their families, especially their children. A kindly disposed "sahib" or "Mem Sahib" would ask on the return of a servant from leave, how he or she had left them all. The most acceptable form of putting the question is "ghur men kaisa hai?" (How is it at home?) or "ghur men sub achcha hai?" (Is all well at home?) adding perhaps "baba log achcha hai? (Are the children well?) A native is bound by his own rules of etiquette to leave his shoes outside the house, unless he wears shoes of a European pattern, and this practice should always be insisted on. A word need not be uttered, a reproving look at the still shod feet will generally cause an immediate slipping off of the offending shoes.

The first thing a native studies in a sahib is his temperament. A bad tempered man has no business in India. Sir William Moore says "that no one who values his health in India should ever permit his temper to get the better of him" while Dr. Francis adds:—"Candidates for service in India are required to produce certificates of freedom from physical and mental disease, but it is also of paramount importance that they should not possess a violent temper with an inherent dislike for Asiatic races."

HEDLEY H. BAILEY.

The walls of Paris are about to disappear, the government having introduced a bill for the demolition of the mural defences of the capital. No other large city in Europe is now surrounded by a wall, and as the wall around Paris occupies a space of no less than 12,000,000 square yards, or one eighth of the total of the capital, the state will derive an immense profit from its removal and the sale of the ground which it occupied.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in the wrappers, if you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully.

In the Midst of Friends

STARVING TO DEATH.

Saved by Paine's Celery Compound

"It Was Worth More to Me Than One Hundred Dollars' Worth of Medicines From the Doctors"

Disease and death are again completely defeated and banished by the miraculous power of Paine's celery compound. All the combined sources of disease and suffering could not prevail against the many virtues of nature's strength and life restorer.

Mr. John Irvine, of Heckston, Ont., sends us the following graphic account of his rescue from death:

"Three years ago I had a severe attack of la grippe, which left me in a very weak and debilitated condition. The next autumn I had another attack, which left me in a very bad state. My health was nearly wrecked, I had no strength and felt tired all the time. I was so weak that my legs would not support my body, and I have often fallen to the ground when trying to attend to my work both in the field and in the barn, and would be compelled to lie wherever I had fallen until I could muster sufficient strength to rise.

My appetite was all gone, and when I would try to eat in order to gain strength I would suffer untold agony for hours. It seemed to my that I was slowly starving to death.

"I tried different doctors, but did not derive any benefit from their treatment. My friends thought I was going to die, and I verily believe I would have died had I not tried your Paine's celery compound. I bought six bottles, and can conscientiously say I received more benefit from it than I ever dreamed of: it was worth more to me than one hundred dollars' worth of medicine from the doctors. I began to improve in health before I had finished the first bottle; and to-day I am completely restored to health. I can do as good a day's work as I ever could; can now eat any kind of food without experiencing trouble afterwards, and can sleep as well as when I was a boy.

"I have not had cause to use any of the compound for months, which convinces me that the cure is permanent. I feel it my duty to let every sufferer know what Paine's celery compound has done for me, and it seems impossible for me to say all I should in its favor. My wife, who has been a sufferer for years with chronic rheumatism, was greatly benefited by the use of your medicine. I send you this testimony unsolicited."

If you want a reliable dye that will color an even brown or black, and will please and satisfy you every time, use Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers.

General News.

London, Feb. 21.—A correspondent, describing the march of Col. Ellis' column against the Sofas in Sierra Leone, gives horrible details of the Sofa slave raids. Entire towns were wiped out. The thriving town of Tokiviama, having 3,000 inhabitants, is in ashes. The mutilated trunks of men, women and children were in heaps, putrifying amid the ruins. The absence of the bodies of young men and women indicates that they were spared to be sold into slavery. Col. Ellis freed hundreds of slaves.

London, Feb. 21.—The Times publishes with approving comments a long letter from J. W. Cross, who contends that rigid economy is the only policy open to the United States, if they mean to remain solvent. "This has a bearing on the business of the remainder of the world," says Mr. Cross, "for economy in America means bad business everywhere. To keep the American currency on a staple gold basis the exports ought to exceed the imports by about sixty-five millions annually. Issuing bonds is merely a palliative. The country must take its currency in hand and retrench. The first necessity is the gradual withdrawal of some of the silver or representatives thereof. The recovery will be slow, but there is every reason to believe sure. With ordinary care the United States ought still to be the best of all fields for investing money."

New York, Feb. 22.—At the annual meeting to-day of the stockholders of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad, Hon. Samuel Sloan was re-elected president and Frank Work, H. McK. Twombley and H. C. Fahnestock were elected managers in the place of three retiring officials. The report presented was of the most satisfactory character.

Tobacco is man's most universal luxury; the fragrant aroma of MASTIFF PLUG CUT starts people to pipe-smoking, even those who never used tobacco before.

J. B. PACE TOBACCO CO.,
Richmond, Va., and Montreal.

Thos. Firth & Sons, Ltd.
BEST CRUCIBLE CAST STEEL.

Steel, Peech & Tozer, Ltd.
BESSEMER STEEL. .·. OPEN HEARTH STEEL.

JAMES HUTTON & Co., AGENTS,
MONTREAL AND TORONTO

WHOLESALE PRICES
DIRECT TO PURCHASERS.
They : are : the : Best : Ever : Offered.

You will save fifty per cent. by sending for them. Why not deal direct and get the Best Stock at Best Prices and in Best Condition?

PRAIRIE QUEEN NURSERY, HENRY W. ASH, Prop., West Union, Iowa.

The Weekly Times

The Weekly edition of the TIMES is a 16-page paper; containing all the news of the week, general, provincial and city. It is the only independent political paper in British Columbia, and has a very large circulation within the province.

Subscription, $2 per annum in advance; postage in addition to foreign countries.

Address,

THE TIMES P. & P. CO.,
Victoria, B. C.

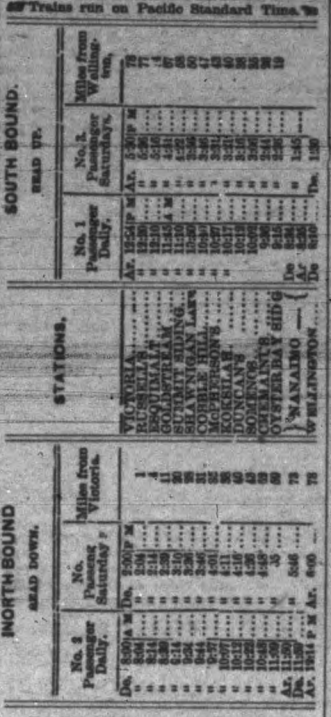
RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.

To Take Effect at 9.00 a.m. on Thursday October 12th, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.



On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
E. E. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,
(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 22,
Taking effect November 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M.

City of Puebla - - Feb. 22

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC

Steamship Co'y.

In connection with

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY

The Shortest Route to

JAPAN AND CHINA

Proposed Sailings of Steamers

1893-1894.

(Subject to alteration.)

WILL LEAVE TACOMA

Steamship Victoria	Dec. 14th
Steamship Tacoma	Jan. 17th
Steamship Mogul	Feb. 7th
Steamship Victoria	Feb. 28th
Steamship Tacoma	April 4th
Steamship Mogul	April 25th
Steamship Victoria	May 15th

Steamship Victoria, Captain Panton, will leave Tacoma on the 14th of December, at daylight, and will carry passengers and freight at current rates. For freight or passage apply to

DODWELL, CARLILL & CO., General Agents, Victoria.
Or E. E. BLACKWOOD, General Agent N. P. R. R. Co., Victoria.

GENERAL STEAMSHIP AGENCY

Through Tickets to and from all European Points

SAILINGS

From New York to Southampton.

American Line	Paris	Feb. 21
"	Berlin	Feb. 28
"	New York	Mch 7
"	Chester	Mch 10
"	Berlin	Mch 21
"	New York	Mch 28

From New York to Liverpool.

Cunard Line	Servia	Feb. 17
"	Etruria	Feb. 24
"	Aurania	Mch 3
"	Campania	Mch 10
"	Umbria	Mch 17
"	Servia	Mch 24
White Star Line	Majestic	Feb. 21
"	Germanic	Feb 28
"	Teutonic	Mch 7

From Boston to Liverpool.

Beaver Line	Lake Ontario	Feb 14
"	Lake Superior	Feb 28

From Halifax to Liverpool.

Allan Line	Laurentian	Feb 17
"	Numidian	Mch 3
"	Mongolian	Mch 17
"	Laurentian	Mch 31
"	Parisian	Apr 14
Dominion Line	Numidian	Apr 28
"	Oregon	Feb 24
"	Labrador	Mch 10
"	Vancouver	Mch 24
"	Oregon	Apr 7
"	Labrador	Apr 21

From Baltimore.

North Ger. Lloyd	Weimar	Feb 28
"	Dresden	Mch 7
"	Munchen	Mch 14

From New York to Bremen,
VIA SOUTHAMPTON.

North Ger. Lloyd	Lahn	Feb. 20
"	Aller	Feb 27
"	Ems	Mch 3
"	Saale	Mch 6
"	Elbe	Mch 10

Saloon fares from $40.00 to $90.00, according to steamer and location of berth.
Second cabin, $30.00 to $40.00.
Steerage, $23.00 to $25.00.
Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5.00 to $10.00 on each fare.
Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10.00 by purchasing through tickets here.
For sailings list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government Sts.

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO
—AND—
ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,
Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the
Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all Points East and South

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Second-Class Passengers.

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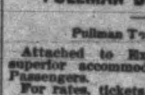

STEAMER JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria ..... Tuesday 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox ..... Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo ..... Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria ..... Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdez Island are discontinued.

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THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago Can Take Sleeping Car at Seattle Through Without Change.

Passengers leave Victoria at 7:30 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the East, running Buffet Cars, with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and first and second class coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kasto, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenai mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Rhodby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

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OUR CHILCOTIN LETTER.

Prices of Stock—A True Daughter of British Columbia.

(From our own Correspondent.)

Chilcotin, Feb. 15.—Mr. David Arthur, or Ladner's Landing, is visiting his brother-in-law, Mr. Henry Hodgson of Chilcotin. In all probability Mr. Arthur will remain here and engage in stock raising.

Miss Louise Eagle, of Chimney creek, can be classed a most successful huntress. While out hunting last week she fired her only remaining cartridge at a large, fat buck, and wounded him. The deer endeavored to escape, but Miss Eagle, who was riding a fleet-footed horse, soon overtook and lassoed him. The young lady's splendid marksmanship and prowess as a huntress keep a large family well supplied with venison, grouse and other game, almost all the year round. Hunting, however, is not her only accomplishment, as she can cook a square meal, keep a neat-looking house, milk cows and do much more to her credit.

Lee Bros. are putting in a large stock of goods in their new store. It is their intention to ascertain whether or not merchandising in Chilcotin can be profitably carried on. I hope that it can.

The prices of stock in Chilcotin are as follows: A cow, $20; yearling heifer, $15; yearling steer, $16; two year old steer, $23; three year old steer, $30; colt, $9; sheep, $4; and an average unbroken range horse about six bits. Jack rabbits are, if anything, cheaper than horses, that is as long as they are in the bush.

The winter still holds out mild and balmy and stock looks well. People who are living in the far east would hardly believe that horses, cattle and sheep could live through two out of three British Columbia winters without food or shelter, yet such is the case.

On the 14th inst. a very nice and well attended surprise party was tendered Mrs. and Mr. Hance, of Hanceville, Chilcotin.

Mr. Robert Borland and Mr. Thomas Paxton, both from the 150 Mile House, Cariboo road, are in Chilcotin buying beef cattle for Horse Fly and Skeena river markets.

OAKLYM.

TRAMWAY PRIVILEGES.

The Company Seeking More Extensive Powers Important Questions.

The proposed amendments to the tramway company's charter were the subject of discussion at a meeting of the city council on Wednesday at 3:30 p.m. President Dupont of the tramway company and Mr. Geo. Powell, the company's legal representative, were present.

Ald. Humphrey started the discussion by moving that "The council protest against the electric tramway company getting any further powers in addition to what they already have, and that our barristers be instructed to see that our rights are not interfered with in respect to the proposed new act in the interest of the company."

Ald. Munn asked for information. He wanted to know the proposed changes in the charter. He favored no more privileges unless a guarantee were given that the company would keep the road between the track in proper condition.

Ald. Dwyer said the president of the company was present and would likely wish to enlighten the council, which decided to hear President Dupont.

President Dupont said the amendment asked no additional powers that would [illegible] the city. The chief clause of the amendment granted power to use electricity for heating purposes. The company had no objection to the resolution of Ald. Humphrey, instructing the city barristers to watch the interests of the city. The tramway lines had been built in advance of justification for building it. The street car surplus of Toronto, Montreal and other large centers of population might be gilt-edged affairs; but in a city the size of Victoria there was very much of the ragged side of success. The tramway was a great convenience to the citizens, and a favorable impression was given to a stranger entering the city on seeing electric cars running. The service might or might not be what was required, but certainly it was far in advance of justification as regards the stockholders. The new charter asked for an enlargement of powers, such as power to enforce regulations and rules on the cars to effectively deal with indecent and disorderly persons; powers of borrowing and sale of stock, and exemption from taxation for a further period of four years. The company had met with hard luck for several years back. The burning of the plant was shortly followed by the smallpox epidemic, and the epidemic was eradicated to be followed by a financial depression. These three things "told" greatly against the company.

Mr. Powell showed each alderman the proposed changes in the charter.

Ald. Wilson thought the company should keep the track spaces in repair.

Ald. Humphrey asked why the company could not give a single fare to the Agricultural grounds? The agricultural people and the citizens generally had been complaining. The tramway would not lose in the long run.

President Dupont said the company was quite alive to doing whatever would be productive of revenue, but in this case they were deterred. The Oak Bay people had built the Oak Bay line at a cost of $12,000, had donated acerage and, in return, had received certain promises from the company, one of which was that only a five cent fare should be charged on that line, and discrimination against any other route outside the city limits unless similar conditions were complied with. To reduce the fare to Agriculture grounds would be to break faith with the Oak Bay people.

Ald. Wilson said the fare to the Agriculture grounds was excessive. At any rate the fare should be reduced during the exhibition. A reduction would benefit both the company and the Agricultural Association.

President Dupont replied that the proposition was well worth considering.

Ald. Munn said the council ought to get a promise from the company to keep the portion of the street between the tracks in repair. In a short while the streets would be paved, and the company might come and tear them up and refuse to put them in as good condition as found. The tramway company should bring their track to grade. Even in the centre of the city the rails were above grade.

President Dupont said the charter exempted the company. The council could hardly expect the company to assume burdens not in the charter.

Mr. Powell thought this might be arranged when the time came. In the city of Toronto the expense of paving the space between the tracks had been jointly borne by the tramway company and the city.

Ald. Humphrey said the matters were not clearly defined in the charter.

Ald. Leighham said sec. 30 required the company to keep the rails flush with the streets. It seems that the company can put down a double track on any street.

Mr. Powell—When proper notice has been given and certain conditions complied with.

This ended the discussion and Mayor Dupont and Mr. Powell left the council room.

The resolution passed.

Moses Webb, of Nanaimo, was admitted to the Old Man's Home.

Council adjourned at 5.

HOW A BRIGHT LITTLE GIRL'S LIFE WAS SAVED.

A Terrible Sufferer From St. Vitus Dance Could Not Feed Herself and Had to be Closely Watched.

Recently, says the Shelbourne Economist, Mr. and Mrs. John Lindsay, who live in Mono township, told a reporter of the terrible suffering of one of their children and its restoration to sound health. It appears that during the winter of 1891-2 the child, Fernie by name, contracted la grippe, and although she recovered from the usual symptoms of la grippe, she was never the same in health and strength. Her nervous system had become deranged, and as the time passed the terrible symptoms of St. Vitus dance were noticed by the parents. Doctors did all they could for her, but instead of getting better she became worse. She could not feed herself, nor could she take hold of a cup when handed to her. She would frequently fall down when attempting to walk across the floor, and had to be closely watched for fear she might at some time fall on the stove. She completely lost control of her limbs. She could not turn herself in bed and her parents had to turn her. She was perfectly helpless and had almost lost the power of speech. When she did speak it was with difficulty she was understood, as her tongue was drawn to one side and she had lost control of it. The condition of the poor child was pitiable in the extreme. The father determined to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They comenced the treatment and by the time three boxes were used she had improved to a marvellous extent. In April last, the child having fully recovered, no more pills were given her. Several months have passed since then and there has been no relapse and no sign of a return of the terrible malady. The parents state emphatically that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills saved the live of their little girl.

For all nervous disorders Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the only thorough and reliable cure. They act directly upon the blood and nerves, restoring them to a sound condition, thus driving out disease. Sold by all dealers or sent post paid on receipt of 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., or Schnectady, N. Y.

Water Scarce at Rio.

Rio de Janeiro, Feb. 21.—The merchant vessels at this port are suffering extremely for want of water, because of the refusal of the insurgents to allow a water boat to go around the bay and supply such craft. The captain of the British merchantman J. A. Smith, made application to the commander of a British man-of-war for the assistance necessary to enable him to obtain a supply of water but was refused.

The captain of the merchantman then appealed to Admiral Benham, who assigned Lieut. Kilbourne to guard the water boat under the American flag. Vessels of all nations are, it is said, seeking protection of the United States, and British sailors are severely censuring the English officials, who, they declare, are sacrificing commerce to Admiral da Gama.

Washington, Feb. 21.—Minister Thompson cables from Rio to the state department under date of this morning, to the effect that the Aquidaban and Republica went out to-day under fire from the forts.

Buenos Ayres, Feb. 21.—A dispatch from Rio de Janeiro says: The forts have prevented the insurgent warship Republica, with Admiral Mello aboard, from entering the bay. Three officers suspected of treason have been shot at Santos. Foreigners are still forced to serve in the army, despite the energetic protests of the consuls. Many prisoners have escaped and have joined the insurgents in Parana. Hundreds are dying here daily of yellow fever. A letter dated at Rio de Janeiro on February 16th, says that Admiral da Gama is suffering keenly from the wounds received in the storming of Armacao. His condition is said to be very serious. Admiral da Alencal has taken command of the insurgents in the harbor, who have been reduced to a force of but 500 combatants.

Don't Delay

Its your duty to yourself to get rid of the foul accumulation in your blood this spring. Hood's Sarsaparilla is just the medicine you need to purify, vitalize and enrich your blood. That tired feeling which affects nearly every one in the spring is driven off by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great spring medicine and purifier.

HOOD'S PILLS become the favorite cathartic with every one who tries them.

Appropriate to the Occasion.

A collection was lifted in a Boston Sunday school for a forign mission, and the pupils of one class were asked each to repeat a verse from the Bible appropriate to the occasion. The first boy said.

"It is more blesed to give then to receive."

"Good!" cried all.

And then they went on: "The Lord loveth a cheerful giver." "He that giveth to the poor lendeth to the Lord," and so on.

One boy staggered the teacher a bit by quoting: "The spirit is willing, but the flesh is weak," but a certain amount of appropriateness was recognized.

"Give the devil his due" lengthened some paces when the next boy blurted it out, but the climax was reached and the quotations ended when another boy shouted: "A fool and his money are soon parted."—Boston Traveller.

"How to Cure all Skin Diseases."

Simply apply "Swayne's Ointment." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for Swayne's Ointment. Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale agents. tta&p

LIBERAL TARIFF PLATFORM.

We, the Liberal party of Canada, in convention assembled declare:

That the customs tariff of the Dominion should be based, not as it now is upon the protective principle, but upon the requirements of the public service.

That the existing tariff, founded upon an unsound principle and used as it has been by the Government as a corrupting agency, wherewith to keep themselves in office, has developed monopolies, trusts and combinations:

It has decreased the value of farm and other landed property;

It has oppressed the masses to the enrichment of the few;

It has checked immigration;

It has caused great loss of population;

It has impeded commerce;

It has discriminated against Great Britain.

In these, and in many other ways, it has occasioned great public and private injury, all of which evils must continue to grow in intensity so long as the present tariff system remains in force,

That the highest interests of Canada demand a removal of this obstacle to our country's progress, by the adoption of a sound fiscal policy, which, while not doing injustice to any class, will promote domestic and foreign trade and hasten the return of prosperity to our people.

That to that end, the tariff should be reduced to the needs of honest, economical and efficient government.

That it should be so adjusted as to make free, or to bear as lightly as possible upon the necessaries of life and should be so arranged as to promote freer trade with the whole world, more particularly Great Britain and the United States.

We believe that the results of the protective system have grievously disappointed thousands of persons who honestly supported it, and that the country in the light of experience is now prepared to declare for a sound fiscal policy.

The issue between the two political parties on this great question is now clearly defined.

The Government themselves admit the failure of their fiscal policy, and now profess their willingness to make some changes, but they say that such changes must be based only on the principle of protection.

We denounce the principle of protection as radically unsound and unjust to the masses of the people, and we declare our conviction of that any tariff changes based on that principle must fail to afford any substantial relief from the burdens under which the country labors.

This issue we unhesitatingly accept and upon it we await with the fullest confidence the verdict of the electors of Canada.

Torpidity of the liver and disorders of the stomach and bowels, cause headache and the failure of all desire for food. Ayer's Cathartic Pills stimulate the action of the stomach, liver and bowels, cure headache, and restore the appetite.

All Sorts

and conditions of men smoke the famous Cigars EL PADRE and LA CADENA.

S. Davis & Sons.

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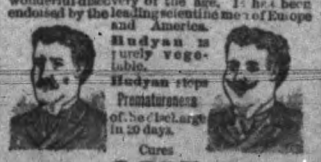
THE GREAT

Hudyan.

This extraordinary Rejuvenator is the most wonderful discovery of the age. It has been endorsed by the leading scientific men of Europe and America.



Hudyan is purely vegetable.

Hudyan stops Prematureness of the Discharge in 20 days.

Cures BEFORE LOST MANHOOD AFTER

Constipation, Dizziness, Failing Sensations, Nervous Twitching of the eyes and other parts. Strengthens, Invigorates and tones the entire system. Hudyan cures Debility Nervousness, and developes and restores weak organs. Pains in the back are stopped quickly. Over 2,000 private en

Prematureness means Impotency [illegible] stage. It is a symptom of seminal weakness [illegible]. It can be stopped in 20 days by the use of Hudyan.

The new discovery was made by the Specialist of the old famous Hudson Medical Institute. It is the strongest vitalizer made. It is very powerful, but harmless. Sold for $5.00 a package or 6 packages for $25.00 (plain sealed boxes). Written guarantee given to cure. If cure will be given to you free of all charges. Send for circulars and testimonials. 141-ess

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VISITING CARDS
Printed from Copper Plates and Stone.

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SOME of our Victoria Merchants still send orders to Toronto and other Eastern Cities, in the mistaken notion that they can get it done cheaper. They of course know they cannot get it done better than in Victoria. We are prepared to do the work at Toronto Prices, if orders of the same size are given to us as are given to Toronto houses.

Call and see samples of our work before placing your orders with drummers.

Keep the Money In the Country.

Orders may be left at the TIMES Office.

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You cannot get as much nourishment in as small a compass in any other form.

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Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
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Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 23 years.
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DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.
A safeguard against infectious diseases.
Sold by chemists throughout the world.
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The publishers of THE MINER will answer any inquiries in regard to the general outlook and future prospects of the Kootenay Country to subscribers. If you want to start in business in any of the cities, they will advise you about the population and the prospects for any particular or general line of trade.

The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.

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Aluminum Alloy Composite
HAS GIVEN ENTIRE SATISFACTION TO
Iron, Steel and Brass Founders
2 1-2 per cent. added to mixtures of cheap, low-grade metals gives 30 per cent. increased strength, makes hard metal soft, sound, and non crystalising, prevents blowholes and sponginess.
Aluminum Alloy unites copper with iron and lead, with iron and copper, heretofore considered an impossibility.
Price, $5 per 100-pound box, $38 per barrel of 700 pounds, or $80 per ton.
Book containing government official report of tests made at Rock Island arsenal, and other indisputable testimonials from foundrymen, sent free upon application.
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Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE RESCUER DROWNED.

Melancholy Death of a Gallant Young Man.

Nanaimo, Feb. 22.—While Emil Nauman was returning home yesterday he took a short cut across Diver lake, which was, or had the appearance of being, frozen over strong enough to bear any heavy man. Nauman had not proceeded far when he fell through the ice. His cries for help brought Peter Bryer, who secured a plank and succeeded in getting Nauman on the ice again. The latter had hardly got on the ice when it again gave way beneath them, and Bryer disappeared and was drowned. Only last week Bryer was a happy bridegroom, and his young wife is prostrated with grief.

The spelling bee at St. Albans last evening proved very interesting to the public. It is the first of this kind of entertainment that has been given in this city, and promises to become popular.

Quite a few of the single men employed in the mines of the New Vancouver Coal company have been notified that their places will be filled by men who have families or relatives to support. This step is in accordance with the usual course pursued by the management.

For Three Days.

Surah silks, three yards for $1, at Lansdowne house, 86 Yates street.

BOARD OF TRADE COUNCIL.

Report of Committee on Aids to Navigation—The Life Saving Station.

The meeting of the board of trade council this morning was attended by President A. C. Flumerfelt, C. E. Renouf, J. H. Todd, H. F. Heisterman, T. S. Futcher, R. P. Rithet, Col. E. G. Prior, M. P., and Secretary Elworthy.

The committee on lights, beacons and buoys presented the following report:

Gentlemen: Herewith is my report on Lights, Beacons, and Buoys necessary in waters contiguous to this city, as also those on the northern coast.

I may add that this report is based on information acquired from Capt. John Rudlin, of the S.S Premier, Capt. S. Williams, of the Barbara Boscowitz, Capt. W. Myers of the Danube, Capt. Butler, of the Joan, as well as other captains whose opinions are valuable.

Behren's Island Light at Entrance to Victoria Harbor—It is requested that this light be removed from its present position to McLachlan Point, and instead of a bell rung by hand as at present, that a detonating signal be used or if it is desired to retain the bell, that it be sounded by machinery and not by hand. It is further requested that that if the bell is retained that it be not covered in as at present at the top, but left open for the sound to escape.

The one great reason for asking for the change in position of Behren's Island Light, is on account of the rapid building up of the city in the vicinity, the light from so many private dwellings is confusing and misleading to officers in charge of vessels. The question of different colored glasses in the lantern to be the subject of further investigation.

Brotchie Ledge—It is the opinion that some effort should be made to remove the wreck of the San Pedro as soon as possible and a strong beacon with light attached erected, the base of the beacon painted black and the top white.

Fiddle Reef, inside Discovery Island—Replace the present open wooden structure by a stone beacon, the base to be painted black, remainder white. It is further suggested that a wooden triangular structure also painted white be added at the top with lantern attached showing red.

Zero Rock—A stone beacon, painted black, also wooden triangular top as on Fiddle Reef.

Off Sidney Spit—An iron buoy on west side of West Rock.

Sidney Spit—The present wooden structure to be boarded up entirely from the base. Paint black at bottom, white at top.

Anderson Rock, off Moresby Island—A lantern on beacon would be of great assistance here.

Prevost Island, Portlock Point—A stake light and bell to be worked by machinery, or detonating signal is urgently required at this point.

Walker Rock, off Galiano Island—A lantern on Beacon would also be of great assistance here.

Sisters, Gulf of Georgia and Cape Mudge—These are most important points and a light is absolutely necessary, traffic being large.

Malcolm Island—A light is wanted here, and it is suggested that for the present an ordinary lantern would answer, the light to show red.

Pine and Egg Islands in the Queen Charlotte Island District—Both these points require lights; they would greatly assist navigation.

Junction of Fisher Channel and Lama Passage—This is another important point and a light would seem absolutely necessary.

Ivory Island, junction of Millbank Sound and Seaforth Channel—A light is wanted at this place.

Hurnie Island, entrance to Port Simpson—A stake light showing red or green would be of great assistance to navigation at this point. Its close proximity to Port Simpson warrants the belief that the cost of maintenance will not be excessive.

THOS. R. HALL,
For the Committee.

The report was received and adopted and copies ordered to be sent to the local representatives to Ottawa, and to the department of marine and fisheries.

Henry Fry, of Duncans, secretary of the public meeting held at Cowichan on February 6th, wrote to the board enclosing the resolutions adopted at the meeting urging the full improvement of Cowichan river to insure its permanent use for lumbering purposes, the work to be done by the provincial government.

It was stated that the matter was being dealt with in the estimates, and as the board was not sufficiently familiar with the question to express an opinion, the letters were simply referred to the provincial government.

The Port Angeles board of trade wrote urging the local board to use its influence to secure a remission of the pilotage fees and other fees required by the government in favor of the Hastings steamboat company to permit it to run its steamers from Victoria to Port Angeles and thence up the Sound as cheaply as possible.

Mr. Rithet explained that the pilotage board had decided to remit the fees and that the other charges amounted to only two cents a registered ton. A reply to that effect will be sent.

The matter of a life saving station on the west coast was brought up. Mr. Rithet said that the suggestion of the department that the Indians be interested in life saving in cases of wreck would be a good one providing sufficient remuneration would be given for the risk taken. There was not sufficient danger of wrecks on the coast to warrant the location of a station. Then there might be wrecks at the north end of the island beyond the reach of the station. He suggested that the Indians be communicated with through the department and Indian agent. As to the other question of the availability of the Quadra for salving work, he said she would be of use providing the agent did not have to wire to Ottawa for instructions.

Col. Prior detailed the action of the government in the Estelle case, and characterized it as very small and narrow-minded.

After further discussion, a resolution embodying all the suggestions of Mr. Rithet, with a clause expressing surprise that the Quadra was not sent north to investigate the Estelle case, was adopted, and will be sent by letter to the department at Ottawa.

AN AGONIZING DISCOVERY.

A Warning to Young Mothers—A Threatening Letter Written.

Vancouver, Feb. 22.—Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Fletcher woke this morning to find their six-weeks-old baby dead, the mother having rolled over on it during the night.

J. J. Blake, barrister, is laid up with a broken leg, having slipped on the stairs leading to his apartments last evening.

W. C. Gardner was remanded at the police court this morning on a charge of having written to Jos. Hartney threatening to kill him.

The express is an hour late to-day. The Premier waited for the mails.

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES.

Daily Chronicle of Events in The Great Republic.

New York, Feb. 22.—Charles Mocsling, for many years bookkeeper for the banking firm of Ladenberg, Thalmann & Co., of Wall street, committed suicide this morning in Central Park by shooting himself in the right temple. No cause is assigned.

New Canton, Pa., Feb. 22.—Bert Patterson, a colored barber, shot and seriously wounded Hazel Craig, a colored girl, to-day, and then committed suicide, shooting himself in the right temple. The girl, it is thought, will recover. Jealousy was the cause.

Trenton, N. J., Feb. 22.—Ezra Martin, a potter, living at Lamberton, near Federal street, attacked his wife with a butcher knife this morning, slashing her across the face and neck, then committed suicide by cutting his throat. The woman is in hospital in a critical condition. The cause was jealousy.

Rome, Feb. 21.—The pope held a consultation yesterday with Father Knoepp, the Bavarian priest who originated a well known water cure and came to Rome upon his holiness' invitation. The sovereign pontiff explained to the priest the state of his health generally, and spoke particularly upon the intestinal troubles from which he suffered. Father Knoepp assured his holiness that his ailments were not serious and predicted for him several years more of life. He advised him to try cold water bathing, and this morning, by order of the pope, Father Knoepp made his first trial of the treatment.

Tampa, Fla., Feb. 22.—Henry S. Ives, the Wall street financier, was much amused to learn it was reported in the north he was seriously ill. He is in excellent health and will remain here with his family several weeks.

New York, Feb. 22.—The jury in the case of Ex-President Blunt, of Madison Square bank, charged with perjury, disagreed and was discharged this morning.

San Francisco, Cal., Feb. 22.—The steamer Oceanic, from Hong Kong and Yokohama, via Honolulu, was sighted fourteen miles out at 1.30. It will probably be four o'clock before the mails can be obtained from the steamer.

PERSONAL.

A. J. and Mrs McMillan of Nanaimo, are spending their honeymoon in Victoria.

Dr A. W Pearse of Alberni, is in the city.

Capt. Wm. Webster and wife of San Francisco are at the Driard. They leave for San Francisco to-night.

F. B. Pemberton returned from the mainland last evening.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Crease was a passenger last evening from Vancouver.

W. Templeton, wife and family of Vancouver, leave for San Francisco to-night.

W. R. Morse, jr., of Vancouver, is at the Driard. He returned from the east this morning.

H. A. Simpson, Nanaimo; E. A. Jenns and R. Douglas, New Westminster, and C. D. Rand of Vancouver are among the guests at the Driard.

Mrs. H. E. Harlock of Ladner's Landing is at the Driard.

F. Barnard, M.P., E. B. Marvin and C. E. Renouf leave for San Francisco to-night.

R. T. Ward of San Francisco, who is interested in Cariboo mines, leaves for home to-night. He has been here in respect to private bills before the legislature.

John E. Glover and son leave in the morning, via the N.P.R., for St. Paul.

A. C. Wells of Chilliwack and S. A. Spencer of Alert Bay are at the Oriental.

R. L. Cawston, general manager, and D. W. Gillies, local manager of the B. C. Cattle Co., came over from the mainland last evening.

Thos. Deasy, chief of the Victoria fire department, and T. Ackerman, chief of the New Westminster department, who have been attending the meeting of the fire chiefs at San Francisco, returned home last evening. Mrs. Deasy accompanied her husband.

George Stelly returned last evening from San Francisco.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Foward in the Sporting World.

LAWN TENNIS.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

The annual meeting of the Lawn Tennis club was held yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock at 52 Langley street. The treasurer's report showed the affairs of the club to be in a prosperous condition. The election resulted as follows: E. Musgrave, president; vice-president, W. Ridgeway Wilson; secretary, E. A. Jacob; treasurer, H. F. Myton; committee, F. O'Reilly, Rev. Canon Beanlands, R. Roskell Bayne, and W. H. Langley. Votes of thanks to W. Ridgeway Wilson for his valuable services in connection with the pavilion and to the retiring officers were unanimously carried.

FOOTBALL.

THE VICTORIA TEAM.

The following team will represent Victoria in Saturday's game against the Westminsters: H. Petticrew, back; H. B. Haines, C. W. Ward and E. Marshall, three-quarter backs; F. Smith and R. A. Whyte, half-backs; H. F. M. Jones (captain), W. H. Langley, J. Fraser, G. L. Sibley, E. A. C. Gibson, P. Hibben, A. D. Crease, F. Wollaston and D. O'Sullivan, forwards. There will be a practice game at Beacon Hill this afternoon at 4.45 o'clock.

THE KENNEL.

DOGS GALORE.

New York, Feb. 22.—The biggest dog show ever held in this country opened at Madison Square Garden to-day under the auspices of the Westminster Kennel club. There were 1,500 entries, and England, Ireland, France, Canada and the extreme eastern, western and southern portions of the United States were represented. The section allotted to St. Bernards is the largest, having nearly 200 entries, while fox terriers, bloodhounds, Great Danes, black and tans, mastiffs and bulldogs have all a large representation. The judges include several prominent society men who are noted as experts on canines. The aggregate value of the prizes is over seven thousand dollars.

Use Gibbon's Toothache gum, sold druggists.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Walla Walla fom San Francisco—Thos Kidd and wife and two children, J N Miller, P F Brown, J G Jessop, P W Smith, W McGregor, A Stewart, A Bannerman, R Kelly and wife, C S Philp and wife, W C Heaney, W Walsh, C Ballard, B F Burgess, H Adams and wife W J Johnston and wife, W Thorpe, H Fuller, A Ferguson, Miss Atkinson, Miss H G Patton, J McDonald, W B McLaughlin, J Scales, Thos Deasy and wife, Frank LAMontague, Wm LaMontague, J LaMontague, J A McNeil, Geo Stelly, T Ackerman, J D Trumbull.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—Justice Crease, J Kinsman, J Macaulay, F R Stuart, J D Rand; W Maxwell Smith, S Mattson, F B Pemberton, Rev J H White, R L Cawston, Capt Webster, D W Gillies, Capt Wise, Mrs McNaughton, Mrs Harlock, W D Mearns, Miss Elliott, B Douglass, A J Hollyer, W Templeton, John Walters, S A Spencer, Miss Ford, Marrion, P Burns, W H Birchall, Capt Clifton, A S Robertson, R E Lundey, C T Tom, A C Wells, A B Knox, W L Newson, Mrs Templeton, J B Graves, Mrs C T Tom, E McLean, Mrs Mannson, C F Forman, G Wilson, Mrs Stuart, John Core, Jno McIntosh, H Elliott, A S Vedder, E A Jenns, W A McNaughton, Jno E Holland, Master Templeton.

Per str City of Kingston from the Sound—Mrs Enwright, E F Ross, J Rogers, Pete Tripman, Mrs Campbell, A Ronald, Jno Long, F King, A J Gardner, A J Johnson, J E Luttrell, J H Brownlee, J McBurney, F Thornton, M Levy, H R Morse, Bessie Collins, D F Crocker, Mrs King.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Walla Walla from San Francisco—Albion Iron Works, Allice & Ault, Brackman & Ker M Co, D H Ross & Co, E G Prior & Co, F S Findley, Fan Yuen, H B Co, H Saunders, J & A Clearihue, J H Todd & Son, J R Taylor, Marvin & Tilton, P McQuade & Son, R Barker & Son, R P Rithet, R Beanchamp, S Leiser, Spratt & Gray, Speed Bros, Thos Earle, Victoria Phoenix Brewing Co, Valo & Brooks, Wilson Bros, Watson & Hall, Yuen Lung, Yick Ling, Thos McNeely c o Can Nav Co, Campbell & Anderson, Reichenbach, Royal City Planing Mills, T S Annandale, Wing Lung, J H Scales, Winch & Bowen, W R Megaw, Langley & Co, Wells Fargo & Co.

Per str Steamer Premier from Vancouver—H Short & Son, F Haughton, Johns Bros, D Spencer, Lenz & Leiser, Geo Morrison, H Saunders, A McGregor & Son, J H Todd, E Wall & Co, R McDonald, Pither & Leiser, Gilmore & McCandless, W A Bishop, Lowenberg & Co, F Norris, J Horner, Watson & Gelger, Phillips Bros, T Earle, Hudson Bay Co, C A Godson, R Maynard, H Bornstein, Nat Elec Co, R W Higginbotham, J W Williams, L Goodacre, L Wills, Weiler Bros, Wm Beach, Dom Ex Co.

Per str City of Kingston from the Sound—J Parker, Oppenheimer Bros, Fred Rogers, C James, Can Pac Nav Co, E Pembury & Co, Cockrane & Munn, Geo Morrison, Moore & Co, C E Jones, Hall & Co.

An obedience to the simple laws of hygiene and the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla will enable the most delicate man or sickly woman to pass in ease and safety from the icy atmosphere of February to the warm, moist days of April. It is the best of spring medicines.

BIRTH.

MARSHALL—In this city on the 22nd inst. the wife of P. H. Marshall of a son.

DIED.

DALE—On the 20th inst., Sarah Ann, the beloved wife of David Dale, a native of Norfolk, England, aged 60 1-2 years.

The funeral will take place on Sunday, from the family residence, No. 20 North Park St., at 1.30 p.m., and at Christ Church Cathedral at 2 o'clock.

Friends will please accept this intimation.

FLOUR

WHEAT, HAY, MILL FEED, Etc., Etc.

HAVING our own Mill, Wharf and Warehouse, places us in a position to fill promptly our customers' requirements at the lowest possible price. Free delivery.

The Brackman & Ker Milling Co., Ltd.,

25 Government St., VICTORIA.

YOU CAN'T DO WITHOUT SOAP WHY NOT GET THE BEST

APPOINTED BY SPECIAL ROYAL WARRANT

SOAP MAKERS TO THE QUEEN

THERE IS NO SOAP COMES UP TO SUNLIGHT

AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA

BECKWITH, THOMPSON & KING,

VICTORIA B.C.

Two Little Girls in Blue

Is very popular, but not so much so as our sale of Ladies' Buttoned Boots. We are clearing out a few lines at Reduced Prices

OLD PRICE	NEW PRICE.
$3.00	$2.00
3.75	2.50
3.75	3.00
4.50	3.50

Daisy Bell

Wears a pair of these boots and is the talk of the town.

A. B. Erskine,

Cor. Gov't & Johnson Streets.

DR. BAKER'S

Painless Extraction of Teeth!

Having purchased from Dr. Kellogg, of Chicago, the sole right to use his local anesthetic in Victoria, I am now prepared to extract teeth

Absolutely Without Pain.

This medicine is a perfectly safe local anesthetic, having been used on over 30,000 patients without a bad result.

By applying it to the gums the living pulp or nerve can be extirpated without a vestige of pain, which has not been hitherto accomplished by any local application.

If you have any teeth to extract we will do it without pain, or no money asked.

OFFICE, 98 YATES ST.,

Over Cochrane & Munn's Drug Store

Entrance Yates Street.

DOMINION CREAMERY

THE

Best in Canada.

ARRIVED

AND

Now — on — Sale

AT

Erskine, Wall & Co.

"Land Registry Act."

Sections 1 and 2, Quatsino District.

A certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above property will be issued to Andrew R. Forbes on the 24th March, 1894, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest therein, or some part thereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, 19th December, 1893. 221-3m

THE STANLEY HOUSE

Greater Reductions Than Ever. . . .

We have finished stock-taking, and find several thousand dollars too much stock, which must be sold at once. In order to ensure a quick sale we will offer all

DRESS GOODS, CLOTHS, MILLINERY, MANTLES, JACKETS, CAPES, FURS, BLANKETS, COMFORTS, FLANNELS, ETC.,

At greater reductions than ever. This is a chance to secure genuine bargains. An inspection invited.

W. S. HAMPSON, Manager.

CASH IS KING!

GOOD LUMBER AND COAL Cheap for Cash at the ROCK BAY COAL AND WOOD YARD.

S. F. McINTOSH.

N.B. TRADE MARK THE VARNISHED BOARD ON WHICH THE GOODS ARE WRAPPED.

Priestley's Dress Goods

A good name is more potent than thrones and kingdoms. In business a good name is vital. The name of Priestley is a synonym for what is delicate, durable and beautiful in Black Dress Goods. In England it is a household word. Priestley's dress fabrics are worn by the well dressed women of Great Britain, while on this side, they have attained to general favor. Ladies should buy no other black dress goods till they have seen Priestley's. They add to an unequalled durability, a beautiful draping quality. Women of taste understand what that means in the success of a costume. 1

NEW GOODS

AT

WEILER BROS.

COCOA MATS—All Sizes.
KHYBER RUGS—All Sizes.
AXMINSTER RUGS—Very Cheap.
ORIENT RUGS—Subdued Colorings.
JAPANESE CRAPES—Just Arrived.
Embroidered Felt Table Covers and Mantel Borderings.
Also Second Consignment of Wall Papers.

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L.S. M. S. DAVYS M.E. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S.

PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS

CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS

Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized. Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there is able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

OFFICES—

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BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL (With power to increase) £600,000, $2,920,000
RESERVE £270,000, $1,314,000

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In British Columbia—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON, (Kootenay Lake).

In the United States—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA

AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS:

IN CANADA—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank Imperial Bank of Canada, and Bank of Nova Scotia.

IN UNITED STATES—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency), New York; Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago.

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND—Bank of Australasia. HONOLULU—Bishop & Co!

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ per cent. per annum.

Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

Victoria, B. C. July 1, 1893. GEO GILLESPIE, Manager.

LAME BACK

NEURALGIA, PLEURISY, SCIATICA AND RHEUMATISM CURED EVERY TIME WHEN THE "D. & L." MENTHOL PLASTER IS USED.